

STATE OF UTAH
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF OIL, GAS AND MINING

FORM 3

AMENDED REPORT ☐
(highlight changes)

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL

1A. TYPE OF WORK: DRILL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> REENTER <input type="checkbox"/> DEEPEN <input type="checkbox"/>		5. MINERAL LEASE NO: ML-21509	6. SURFACE: Tribal
B. TYPE OF WELL: OIL <input type="checkbox"/> GAS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OTHER <input type="checkbox"/> SINGLE ZONE <input type="checkbox"/> MULTIPLE ZONE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		7. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME: Ute Tribe	
2. NAME OF OPERATOR: Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP		8. UNIT or CA AGREEMENT NAME: NA	
3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: PO Box 173779 Denver CO 80202-3779		PHONE NUMBER: 720-929-6666	9. WELL NAME and NUMBER: State 920-320
4. LOCATION OF WELL (FOOTAGES) 612127 X 4426796 Y AT SURFACE: 748' FSL 1,771' FEL Lat: 39.985810 Long: -109.686740 NAD 27 AT PROPOSED PRODUCING ZONE: 39.985794 -109.686748		10. FIELD AND POOL, OR WILDCAT: Natural Buttes Field	
11. QTR/QTR, SECTION, TOWNSHIP, RANGE, MERIDIAN: Sec 32 T 9S R 20E S.L.B. & M. SWSE		12. COUNTY: Uintah	
13. STATE UTAH		14. DISTANCE IN MILES AND DIRECTION FROM NEAREST TOWN OR POST OFFICE: Approximately 38.2 miles south of Vernal, Utah	
15. DISTANCE TO NEAREST PROPERTY OR LEASE LINE (FEET) 748'		16. NUMBER OF ACRES IN LEASE: 1600.00	
17. NUMBER OF ACRES ASSIGNED TO THIS WELL: 40 acres		18. DISTANCE TO NEAREST WELL (DRILLING, COMPLETED, OR APPLIED FOR) ON THIS LEASE (FEET) ±1,100'	
19. PROPOSED DEPTH: 10,500' MD		20. BOND DESCRIPTION: 22013542	
21. ELEVATIONS (SHOW WHETHER DF, RT, GR, ETC.): 4,889' KB		22. APPROXIMATE DATE WORK WILL START: ASAP	
23. ESTIMATED DURATION: 10 days		24. PROPOSED CASING AND CEMENTING PROGRAM	

SIZE OF HOLE	CASING SIZE, GRADE, AND WEIGHT PER FOOT	SETTING DEPTH	CEMENT TYPE, QUANTITY, YIELD, AND SLURRY WEIGHT
12.25"	9.625" J-55 36#	2,700' (MD)	Premium Cement 215 1.18 15.60
			Premium Cement 50 1.18 15.60
7.875"	4.5" P-110 11.6#	10,500' (MD)	Premium Lite II 510 3.38 11.00
			50/50 Poz G 1,660 1.31 14.30

25. ATTACHMENTS

VERIFY THE FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UTAH OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION GENERAL RULES:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WELL PLAT OR MAP PREPARED BY LICENSED SURVEYOR OR ENGINEER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COMPLETE DRILLING PLAN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EVIDENCE OF DIVISION OF WATER RIGHTS APPROVAL FOR USE OF WATER	<input type="checkbox"/> FORM 5, IF OPERATOR IS PERSON OR COMPANY OTHER THAN THE LEASE OWNER

NAME (PLEASE PRINT) Raleen White TITLE Sr. Regulatory Analyst

SIGNATURE Raleen White DATE 04-27-09

(This space for State use only)

Approved by the
Utah Division of
Oil, Gas and Mining

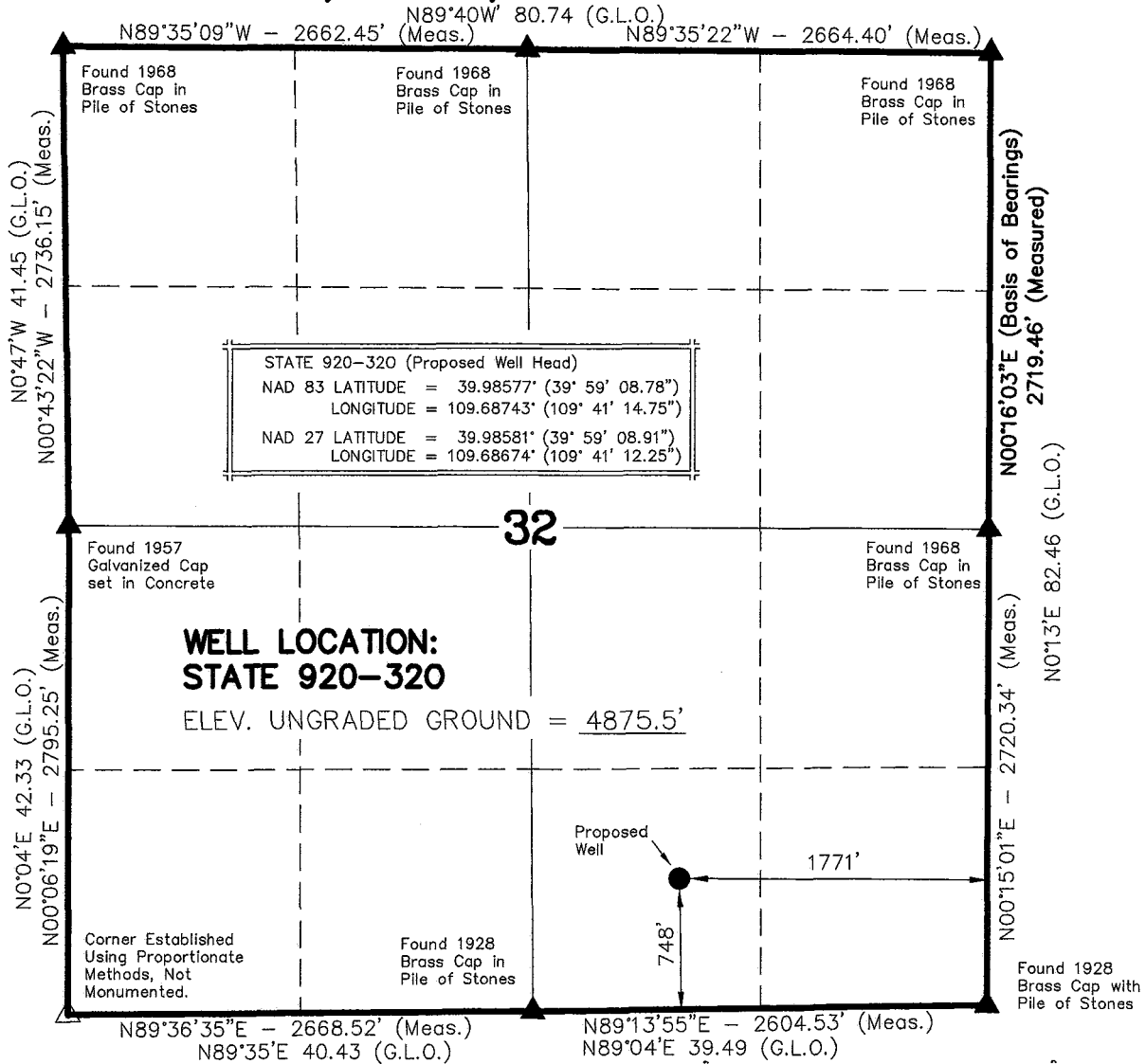
RECEIVED
FEB 17 2009

API NUMBER ASSIGNED: 43-04740564 Date: 04-27-09 DIV. OF OIL, GAS & MINING

By: [Signature]

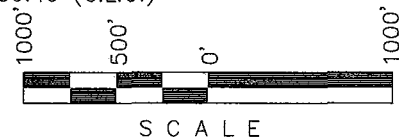
Federal Approval of this
Action is Necessary

T9S, R20E, S.L.B.&M.



NOTES:

- ▲ = Section Corners Located
- 1. Well footages are measured at right angles to the Section Lines.
- 2. G.L.O. distances are shown in feet or chains. 1 chain = 66 feet.
- 3. Bearings are based on Global Positioning Satellite observations.
- 4. Basis of elevation is the Northwest Corner of Section 12, T9S, R20E, S.L.B.&M. The elevation of this Section Corner is shown on the Ouray SE 7.5 Min. Quadrangle as being 4676'.



SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE PLAT WAS PREPARED FROM FIELD NOTES AND SURVEYS MADE BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND THAT THE SAME ARE TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

No. 362251
 KOLBY JR.
 KAY
 REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR
 REGISTRATION STATE OF UTAH
 STATE OF UTAH

**Kerr-McGee
 Oil & Gas Onshore, LP**

1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202

**STATE 920-320
 WELL PLAT
 748' FSL, 1771' FEL**

**SW 1/4 SE 1/4 OF SECTION 32, T9S, R20E,
 S.L.B.&M. UTAH COUNTY, UTAH.**



CONSULTING, LLC
 371 Coffeen Avenue
 Sheridan WY 82801
 Phone 307-674-0609
 Fax 307-674-0182

TIMBERLINE

(435) 789-1365

ENGINEERING & LAND SURVEYING, INC.

38 WEST 100 NORTH - VERNAL, UTAH 84078

DATE SURVEYED: 10-22-08	SURVEYED BY: M.S.B.	SHEET 1 OF 9
DATE DRAWN: 10-28-08	DRAWN BY: E.M.S.	
SCALE: 1" = 1000'	Date Last Revised:	

State 920-320
SWSE Sec. 32, T9S,R20E
UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH
ML-21509

ONSHORE ORDER NO. 1

DRILLING PROGRAM

1. **Estimated Tops of Important Geologic Markers:**

<u>Formation</u>	<u>Depth</u>
Uinta	0- Surface
Green River	1589'
Bird's Nest	1824'
Mahogany	2276'
Wasatch	5017'
Mesaverde	8377'
MVU2	9219'
MVL1	9749'
TD	10,500'

2. **Estimated Depths of Anticipated Water, Oil, Gas, or Mineral Formations:**

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Formation</u>	<u>Depth</u>
	Green River	1589'
	Bird's Nest	1824'
	Mahogany	2276'
Gas	Wasatch	5017'
Gas	Mesaverde	8377'
Gas	MVU2	9219'
Gas	MVL1	9749'
Water	N/A	
Other Minerals	N/A	

3. **Pressure Control Equipment** (Schematic Attached)

Please refer to the attached Drilling Program.

4. **Proposed Casing & Cementing Program:**

Please refer to the attached Drilling Program.

5. **Drilling Fluids Program:**

Please refer to the attached Drilling Program.

6. **Evaluation Program:**

Please refer to the attached Drilling Program.

7. **Abnormal Conditions:**

Maximum anticipated bottomhole pressure calculated at 10,500' TD, approximately equals 6,705 psi (calculated at 0.64 psi/foot).

Maximum anticipated surface pressure equals approximately 4,395 psi (bottomhole pressure minus the pressure of a partially evacuated hole calculated at 0.22 psi/foot).

8. **Anticipated Starting Dates:**

Drilling is planned to commence immediately upon approval of this application.

9. **Variances:**

Please refer to the attached Drilling Program.

Onshore Order #2 – Air Drilling Variance

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP (KMG) respectfully requests a variance to several requirements associated with air drilling outlined in Onshore Order 2

- *Blowout Prevention Equipment (BOPE) requirements;*
- *Mud program requirements; and*
- *Special drilling operation (surface equipment placement) requirements associated with air drilling.*

This Standard Operating Practices addendum provides supporting information as to why KMG current air drilling practices for constructing the surface casing hole should be granted a variance to Onshore Order 2 air drilling requirements.

The reader should note that the air rig is used only to construct a stable surface casing hole through a historically difficult lost circulation zone. A conventional rotary rig follows the air rig, and is used to drill and construct the majority of the wellbore.

More notable, KMG has used the air rig layout and procedures outlined below to drill the surface casing hole in approximately 675 wells without incident of blow out or loss of life.

Background

In a typical well, KMG utilizes an air rig for drilling the surface casing hole, an interval from the surface to surface casing depths, which varies in depth from 1,700 to 2,800 feet.

The air rig drilling operation does not drill through productive or over pressured formations in KMG field, but does penetrate the Uinta and Green River Formations. The purpose of the air drilling operation is to overcome the severe loss circulation zone in the Green River known as the Bird's Nest while creating a stable hole for the surface casing. The surface casing hole is generally drilled to approximately 500 feet below the Bird's Nest.

Before the surface air rig is mobilized, a rathole rig is utilized to set and cement conductor pipe through a competent surface formation. Generally, the conductor is set at 40 feet. In some cases, conductor may be set deeper in areas that the surface formation is not found competent. This rig also drills the rat and mouse holes in preparation for the surface casing and production string drilling operations.

The air rig is then mobilized to drill the surface casing hole by drilling a 12-1/4 inch hole to just above the Bird's Nest interval with an air hammer. The hammer is then tripped and replaced with a 12-1/4 inch tri-cone bit. The tri-cone bit is used to drill to the surface casing point, approximately 500 feet below the loss circulation zone (Bird's Nest). The 9-5/8 inch surface casing is then run and cemented in place, thereby isolating the lost circulation zone.

KMG fully appreciates Onshore Order 2 well control and safety requirements associated with a typical air drilling operations. However, the requirements of Onshore Order 2 are excessive with respect to the air rig layout and drilling operation procedures that are currently in practice to drill and control the surface casing hole in KMG Fields.

Variance for BOPE Requirements

The air rig operation utilizes a properly lubricated and maintained air bowl diverter system which diverts the drilling returns to a six-inch blooie line. The air bowl is the only piece of BOPE equipment which is installed during drilling operations and is sufficient to contain the air returns associated with this drilling operation. As was discussed earlier, the drilling of the surface hole does not encounter any over pressured or productive zones, and as a result standard BOPE equipment should not be required. In addition, standard drilling practices do not support the use of BOPE on 40 feet of conductor pipe.

Variance for Mud Material Requirements

Onshore Order 2 also states that sufficient quantities of mud materials shall be maintained or readily accessible for the purpose of assuring adequate well control. Once again, the surface hole drilling operations does not encounter over pressured or productive intervals, and as a result there is not a need to control pressure in the surface hole with a mud system. Instead of mud, the air rigs utilize water from the reserve pit for well control, if necessary. A skid pump which is located near the reserve pit (see attachment) will supply the water to the well bore.

Variance for Special Drilling Operation (surface equipment placement) Requirements

Onshore Order 2 requires specific safety distances or setbacks for the placement of associated standard air drilling equipment, wellbore, and reserve pits. The air rigs used to drill the surface holes are not typical of an air rig used to drill a producing hole in other parts of the US. These are smaller in nature and designed to fit a KMG location. The typical air rig layout for drilling surface hole in the field is attached.

Typically the blooie line discharge point is required to be 100 feet from the well bore. In the case of a KMG well, the reserve pit is only 45 feet from the rig and is used for the drill cuttings. The blooie line, which transports the drill cuttings from the well to the reserve pit, subsequently discharges only 45 feet from the well bore.

Typically the air rig compressors are required to be located in the opposite direction from the blooie line and a minimum of 100 feet from the well bore. At the KMG locations, the air rig compressors are approximately 40 feet from the well bore and approximately 60 feet from the blooie line discharge due to the unique air rig design. The air compressors (see attachment) are located on the rig (1250 cfm) and on a standby trailer (1170 cfm). A booster sits between the two compressors and boosts the output from 350 psi to 2000 psi. The design does put the booster and standby compressor opposite from the blooie line.

Lastly, Onshore Order 2 addresses the need for an automatic igniter or continuous pilot light on the blowie line. The air rig does not utilize an igniter as the surface hole drilling operation does not encounter productive formations.

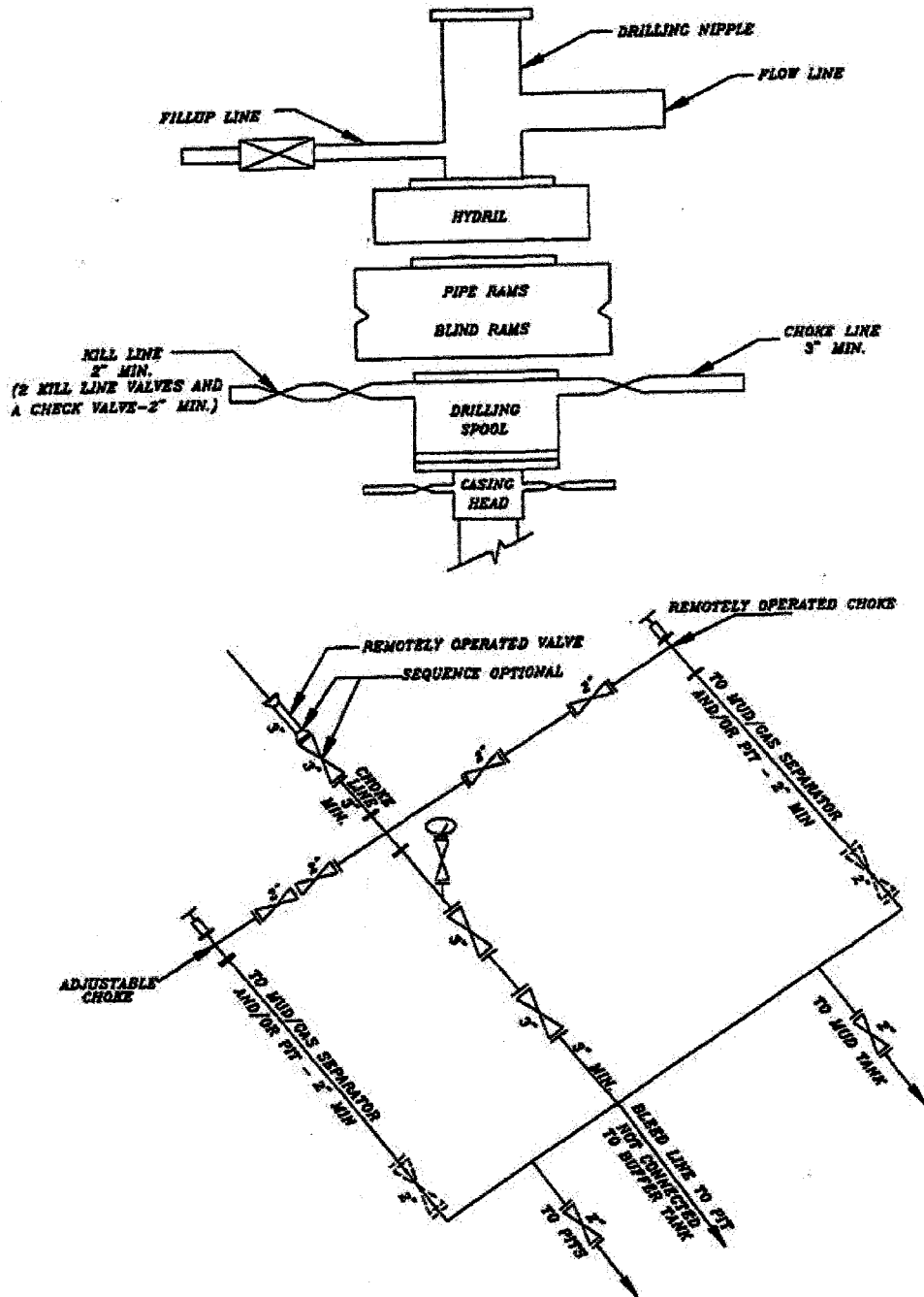
Conclusion

The air rig operating procedures and the attached air rig layout have effectively maintained well control while drilling the surface holes in KMG Fields. KMG respectfully requests a variance from Onshore Order 2 with respect to air drilling well control requirements as discussed above.

10. Other Information:

Please refer to the attached Drilling Program.

EXHIBIT A
State 920-320



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF 5,000 PSI BOP STACK

**State 920-320
SWSE SEC. 32, T9S, R20E
UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH
ML-21509**

ONSHORE ORDER NO. 1

MULTI-POINT SURFACE USE & OPERATIONS PLAN

1. Existing Roads:

Refer to Topo Map A for directions to the location.

Refer to Topo Maps A and B for location of access roads within a 2 mile radius.

All existing roads will be maintained and kept in good repair during all drilling and completion operations associated with this well.

2. Planned Access Roads:

Approximately $\pm 1,431'$ of new access road is proposed. Please refer to the attached Topo Map B.

The upgraded and new portions of the access road will be crowned and ditched with a running surface of 18 feet and a maximum disturbed width of 30 feet. Appropriate water control will be installed to control erosion.

Existence of pipelines; maximum grade; turnouts; major cut and fills, culverts, or bridges; gates, cattle guards, fence cuts, or modifications to existing facilities were determined at the on-site.

The access road was centerline flagged during time of staking.

Surfacing material may be necessary, depending upon weather conditions.

Surface disturbance and vehicular traffic will be limited to the approved location and approved access route. Any additional area needed will be approved in advance.

3. Location of Existing Wells Within a 1-Mile Radius:

Please refer to Topo Map C.

4. Location of Existing & Proposed Facilities:

The following guidelines will apply if the well is productive.

All production facilities will be located on the disturbed portion of the well pad and at a minimum of 25 feet from the toe of the back slope or the top of the fill slope.

A dike will be constructed completely around those production facilities which contain fluids (i.e., production tanks, produced water tanks, and/or heater/treater). These dikes will be constructed of compacted subsoil, be impervious, hold 100% of the capacity of the largest tank, and be independent of the back cut.

All permanent (on-site six months or longer) above the ground structures constructed or installed, including pumping units, will be painted a flat, non-reflective, earthtone color to match one of the standard environmental colors, as determined by the five state Rocky Mountain Inter-Agency Committee.

All facilities will be painted within six months of installation. Facilities required to comply with the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) will be excluded. The required color is Shadow Gray, a non-reflective earthtone.

Any necessary pits will be properly fenced to protect livestock and prevent wildlife entry.

Approximately 754' of 4" pipeline is proposed. Refer to Topo D for the proposed pipeline.

5. Location and Type of Water Supply:

Water for drilling purposes will be obtained from Dalbo Inc.'s underground well located in Ouray, Utah, Sec. 32, T4S, R3E, Water User Claim #43-8496, Application #53617.

Water will be hauled to location over the roads marked on Maps A and B.

No water well is to be drilled on this lease.

6. Source of Construction Materials:

Surface and subsoil materials in the immediate area will be utilized.

Any gravel will be obtained from a commercial source.

7. Methods of Handling Waste Materials:

Drill cuttings will be contained and buried in the reserve pit.

Drilling fluids, including salts and chemicals, will be contained in the reserve pit. Upon termination of drilling and completion operations, the liquid contents of the reserve pit will be removed and disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility within 120 days after drilling is terminated.

The reserve pit will be constructed on the location and will not be located within natural drainage, where a flood hazard exists or surface runoff will destroy or damage the pit walls. The reserve pit will be constructed so that it will not leak, break, or allow discharge of liquids.

A plastic reinforced liner and felt will be used, it will be a minimum of 20 mil thick, with sufficient bedding used to cover any rocks. The liner will overlap the pit walls and be covered with dirt and/or rocks to hold it in place. No trash or scrap that could puncture the liner will be disposed of in the pit.

Any spills of oil, gas, salt water, or other noxious fluids will be immediately cleaned up and removed to an approved disposal site.

A chemical porta-toilet will be furnished with the drilling rig.

Garbage, trash, and other waste materials will be collected in a portable, self-contained, fully enclosed trash cage during operations. No trash will be burned on location.

All debris and other waste material not contained in the trash cage will be cleaned up and removed from the location immediately after removal of the drilling rig.

Any open pits will be fenced during the operations. The fencing will be maintained until such time as the pits are backfilled.

No chemicals subject to reporting under SARA Title III (hazardous materials) in an amount greater than 10,000 pounds will be used, produced, stored, transported, or disposed of annually in association with the drilling of this well. Furthermore, no extremely hazardous substances, as defined in 40 CFR 355, in threshold planning quantities, will be used, produced, stored, transported, or disposed of in association with the drilling of this well.

Any produced water from the proposed well will be contained in a water tank and will then be hauled by truck to one of the pre-approved disposal sites: RNI, Sec. 5, T9S, R22E, NBU #159, Sec. 35, T9S, R21E, Ace Oilfield, Sec. 2, T6S, R20E, MC&MC, Sec. 12, T6S, R19E, Pipeline Facility, Sec. 36, T9S, R20E, Goat Pasture Evaporation Pond, SW/4 Sec. 16, T10S, R22E, Bonanza Evaporation Pond, Sec. 2, T10S, R23E.

8. **Ancillary Facilities:**

None are anticipated.

9. **Well Site Layout:** (See Location Layout Diagram)

The attached Location Layout Diagram describes drill pad cross-sections, cuts and fills, and locations of the mud tanks, reserve pit, flare pit, pipe racks, trailer parking, spoil dirt stockpile(s), and surface material stockpile(s).

Please see the attached diagram to describe rig orientation, parking areas, and access roads.

The reserve pit will be lined, and when the reserve pit is closed, the pit liner will be buried below plow depth.

All pits will be fenced according to the following minimum standards:

39 inch net wire will be used with at least one strand of barbed wire on top of the net wire. Barbed wire is not necessary if pipe or some type of reinforcement rod is attached to the top of the entire fence.

The net wire shall be no more than two inches above the ground. The barbed wire shall be three inches over the net wire. Total height of the fence shall be at least 42 inches.

Corner posts shall be cemented and/or braced in such a manner to keep the fence tight at all times.

Standard steel, wood, or pipe posts shall be used between the corner braces. Maximum distance between any 2 fence posts shall be no greater than 16 feet.

All wire shall be stretched, by using a stretching device, before it is attached to corner posts.

The reserve pit fencing will be on three sides during drilling operations, and on the fourth side when the rig moves off location. Pits will be fenced and maintained until cleanup.

Location size may change prior to the drilling of the well due to current rig availability. If the proposed location is not large enough to accommodate the drilling rig the location will be re-surveyed and a Form 9 shall be submitted.

10. Plans for Reclamation of the Surface:

Producing Location:

Immediately upon well completion, the location and surrounding area will be cleared of all unused tubing, materials, trash, and debris not required for production.

Immediately upon well completion, any hydrocarbons in the pit shall be removed in accordance with 43 CFR 3162.7-1.

A plastic, nylon reinforced liner will be used, it shall be torn and perforated before backfilling of the reserve pit.

Before any dirt work associated with location restoration takes place, the reserve pit shall be as dry as possible. All debris in it will be removed. Other waste and spoil materials will be disposed of immediately upon completion of operations.

The reserve pit and that portion of the location not needed for production facilities/operations will be recontoured to the approximate natural contours. The reserve pit will be reclaimed within 90 days from the date of well completion, weather permitting.

To prevent surface water (s) from standing (ponding) on the reclaimed reserve pit area, final reclamation of the reserve pit will consist of "mounding" the surface three feet above surrounding ground surface to allow the reclaimed pit area to drain effectively.

Upon completion of backfilling, leveling, and recontouring, the stockpiled topsoil will be spread evenly over the reclaimed area(s).

Dry Hole/Abandoned Location:

Abandoned well sites, roads, and other disturbed areas will be restored as near as practical to their original condition. Where applicable, these conditions include the re-establishment of irrigation systems, the re-establishment of appropriate soil conditions, and re-establishment of vegetation as specified.

All disturbed surfaces will be recontoured to the approximate natural contours, with reclamation of the well pad and access road to be performed as soon as practical after final abandonment. Reseeding operations will be performed after completion of other reclamation operations.

11. Surface/Mineral Ownership:

The well pad and access road are located on lands owned by:

Ute Indian Tribe
P.O. Box 70
Fort Duchesne, Utah 84026
(435) 722-5141

The mineral ownership is listed below:

SITLA
675 East 500 South, Suite 500
Salt Lake City, UT 84102

12. Other Information:

All lease and/or unit operations will be conducted in such a manner that full compliance is made with all applicable laws, regulations, the approved Plan of Operations, and any applicable Notice of Lessees. The Operator is fully responsible for the actions of his subcontractors. A copy of these conditions will be furnished to the field representative to ensure compliance.

The Operator will control noxious weeds along Rights-Of-Way for roads, pipelines, well sites, or other applicable facilities.

A Class III archaeological survey has been performed and will be submitted upon receipt. Paleo report is attached.

This location is not within 460' from the boundary of the Natural Buttes Unit, nor is it within 460' of any non-committed tract lying within the boundaries of the Unit.

13. Lessee's or Operators's Representative & Certification:

Raleen White
Sr. Regulatory Analyst
Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP
P.O. Box 173779
Denver, CO 80217-3779
(720) 929-6666

Tommy Thompson
Drilling Manager
Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP
P.O. Box 173779
Denver, CO 80217-3779
(720) 929-6724

Certification: All lease and/or unit operations will be conducted in such a manner that full compliance is made with all applicable laws, regulations, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, the approved Plan of Operations, and any applicable Notice to Lessees.

The Operator will be fully responsible for the actions of its subcontractors. A complete copy of the approved "Application for Permit to Drill" will be furnished to the field representative(s) to ensure compliance and shall be on location during all construction and drilling operations.

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP is considered to be the operator of the subject well. Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP agrees to be responsible under terms and conditions of the lease for the operations conducted upon leased lands.

Bond coverage pursuant to 43 CFR 3104 for lease activities is being provided by State Surety Bond # 22013542..

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access route, that I am familiar with the conditions that currently exist; that I have full knowledge of the State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this plan are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

Raleen White
Raleen White

1/28/2009
Date

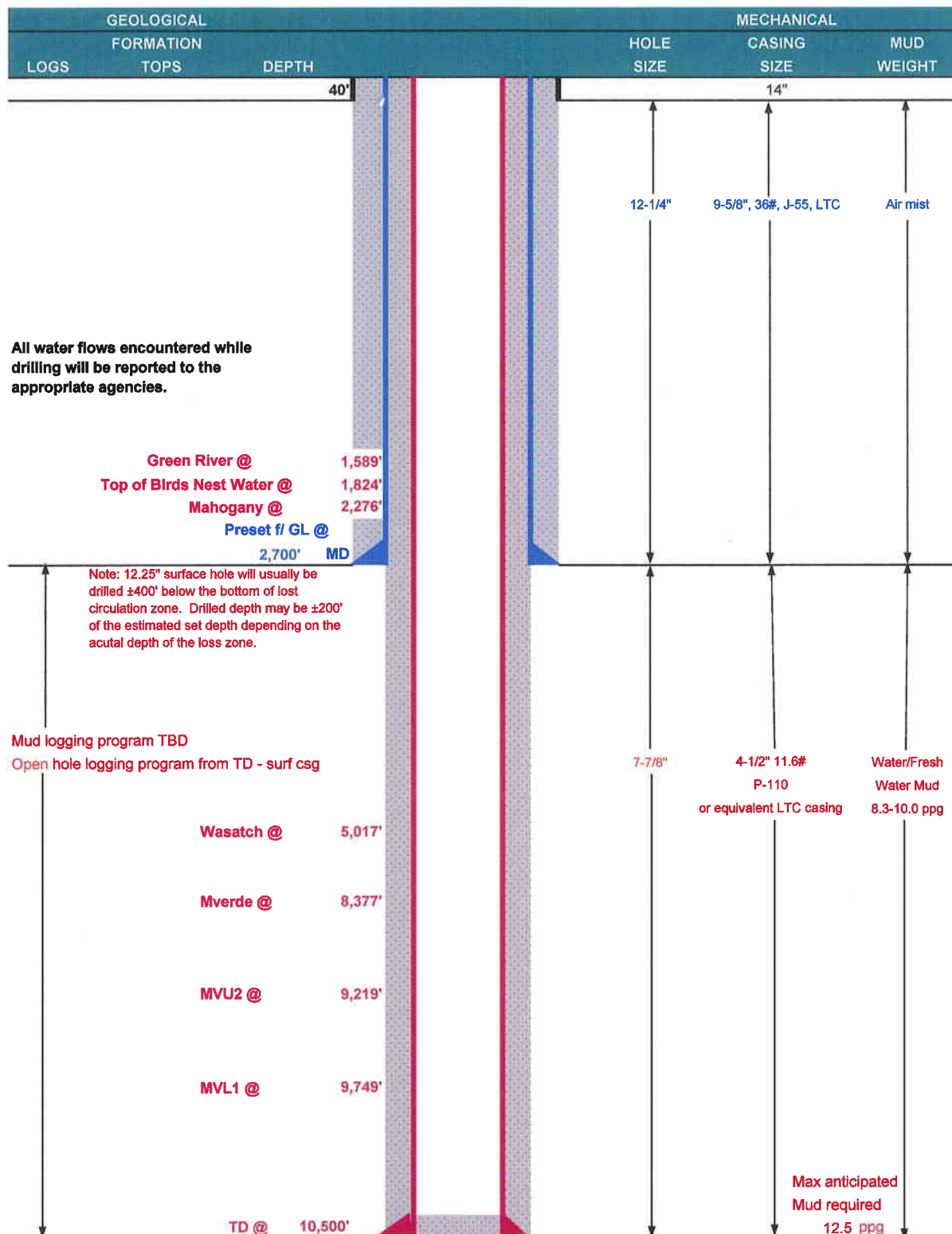
KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP

DRILLING PROGRAM

COMPANY NAME				KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP				DATE		February 5, 2009			
WELL NAME				State 920-320				TD		10,500' MD/TVD			
FIELD		Natural Buttes		COUNTY		Uintah		STATE		Utah		ELEVATION	
												4,874' GL KB 4,889'	
SURFACE LOCATION				SW/4 SE/4		748' FSL		1,771' FWL		Sec 32 T 9 S		R 20E	
				Latitude:		39.985810		Longitude:		-109.686740		NAD 27	
												BHL Straight Hole	

OBJECTIVE ZONE(S)

ADDITIONAL INFO Regulatory Agencies: UDOGM (MINERALS), BIA (SURFACE), UDOGM, Tri-County Health Dept.





KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP

DRILLING PROGRAM

CASING PROGRAM

	SIZE	INTERVAL	WT.	GR.	CPLG.	DESIGN FACTORS		
						BURST	COLLAPSE	TENSION
CONDUCTOR	14"	0-40'						
SURFACE	9-5/8"	0 to 2700	36.00	J-55	LTC	3,520	2,020	453,000
						0.78	1.60	5.93
PRODUCTION	4-1/2"	0 to 10500	11.60	P-110	LTC	10,690	7,580	279,000
						2.37	1.11	2.62

1) Max Anticipated Surf. Press.(MASP) (Surface Casing) = (Pore Pressure at next csg point-(0.22 psi/ft-partial evac gradient x TVD of next csg point))

2) MASP (Prod Casing) = Pore Pressure at TD - (0.22 psi/ft-partial evac gradient x TD)

(Burst Assumptions: TD = 12.5 ppg)

0.22 psi/ft = gradient for partially evac wellbore

(Collapse Assumption: Fully Evacuated Casing, Max MW)

(Tension Assumptions: Air Weight of Casing*Buoys.Fact. of water)

MASP 4,395 psi

3) Maximum Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure (MABHP) = Pore Pressure at TD

(Burst Assumptions: TD = 12.5 ppg)

0.64 psi/ft = bottomhole gradient

(Collapse Assumption: Fully Evacuated Casing, Max MW)

(Tension Assumptions: Air Weight of Casing*Buoys.Fact. of water)

MABHP 6,705 psi

CEMENT PROGRAM

		FT. OF FILL	DESCRIPTION	SACKS	EXCESS	WEIGHT	YIELD
SURFACE Option 1	LEAD	500	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl + .25 pps flocele	215	60%	15.60	1.18
	TOP OUT CMT (1)	200	20 gals sodium silicate + Premium cmt + 2% CaCl + .25 pps flocele	50		15.60	1.18
	TOP OUT CMT (2)	as required	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	as req.		15.60	1.18
SURFACE Option 2		NOTE: If well will circulate water to surface, option 2 will be utilized					
	LEAD	1500	Prem cmt + 16% Gel + 10 pps gilsonite + .25 pps Flocele + 3% salt BWOC	170	35%	11.00	3.82
	TAIL	500	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl + .25 pps flocele	180	35%	15.60	1.18
	TOP OUT CMT	as required	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	as req.		15.60	1.18
PRODUCTION	LEAD	4,510'	Premium Lite II + 3% KCl + 0.25 pps celloflake + 5 pps gilsonite + 10% gel + 0.5% extender	490	60%	11.00	3.38
	TAIL	5,990'	50/50 Poz/G + 10% salt + 2% gel + .1% R-3	1670	60%	14.30	1.31

*Substitute caliper hole volume plus 0% excess for LEAD if accurate caliper is obtained

*Substitute caliper hole volume plus 10% excess for TAIL if accurate caliper is obtained

FLOAT EQUIPMENT & CENTRALIZERS

SURFACE	Guide shoe, 1 jt, insert float. Centralize first 3 joints with bow spring centralizers. Thread lock guide shoe.
PRODUCTION	Float shoe, 1 jt, float collar. Centralize first 3 joints & every third joint to top of tail cement with bow spring centralizers.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Test casing head to 750 psi after installing. Test surface casing to 1,500 psi prior to drilling out.

BOPE: 11" 5M with one annular and 2 rams. The BOPE will be installed before the production hole is drilled and tested to 5,000 psi (annular to 2,500 psi) prior to drilling out the surface casing shoe. Record on chart recorder and tour sheet. Function test rams on each trip.

Maintain safety valve and inside BOP on rig floor at all times. Most rigs have top drives; however, if used, the Kelly is to be equipped with upper and lower kelly valves.

Drop Totco surveys every 2000'. Maximum allowable hole angle is 5 degrees.

Most rigs have PVT Systems for mud monitoring. If no PVT is available, visual monitoring will be utilized.

DRILLING ENGINEER:

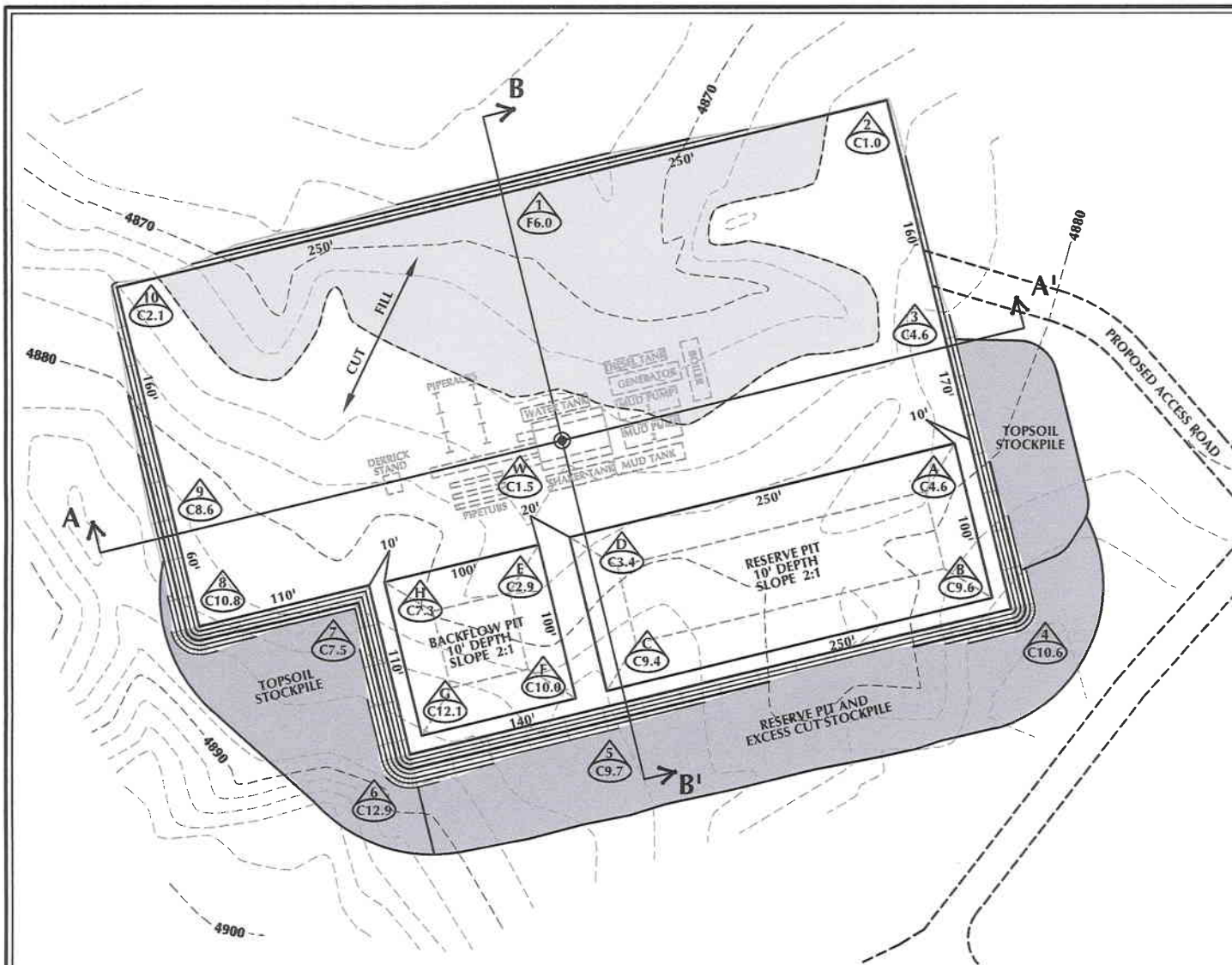
John Huycke / Grant Schluender

DATE:

DRILLING SUPERINTENDENT:

John Merkel / Lovel Young

DATE:



WELL PAD LEGEND

-  WELL LOCATION
 --- EXISTING CONTOURS (2' INTERVAL)
 ——— PROPOSED CONTOURS (2' INTERVAL)

WELL PAD STATE 920-320 QUANTITIES

EXISTING GRADE @ LOC. STAKE = 4,875.5'
FINISHED GRADE ELEVATION = 4,874.0'
CUT SLOPES = 1.5:1
FILL SLOPES = 1.5:1

TOTAL CUT FOR WELL PAD = 17,281 C.Y.
TOTAL FILL FOR WELL PAD = 6,203 C.Y.
TOPSOIL @ 6" DEPTH = 3,150 C.Y.
EXCESS MATERIAL = 11,078 C.Y.
TOTAL DISTURBANCE = 3.91 ACRES
SHRINKAGE FACTOR = 1.10
SWELL FACTOR = 1.00
RESERVE PIT CAPACITY (2' OF FREEBOARD)
+/- 25,880 BARRELS
RESERVE PIT VOLUME
+/- 7,185 CY
BACKFLOW PIT CAPACITY (2' OF FREEBOARD)
+/- 8,780 BARRELS
BACKFLOW PIT VOLUME
+/- 2,520 CY

**KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS
ONSHORE L.P.**

1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202

STATE 920-320
WELL PAD - LOCATION LAYOUT
748' FSL, 1771' FEL
SW1/4SE1/4, SECTION 32, T.9S., R.20E.
S.L.B.&M., UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH



CONSULTING, LLC
371 Coffeen Avenue
Sheridan WY 82801
Phone 307-674-0609
Fax 307-674-0182

Scale: 1"=100'

Date: 12/18/08

SHEET NO:

REVISÉ:

BY
DATE

2

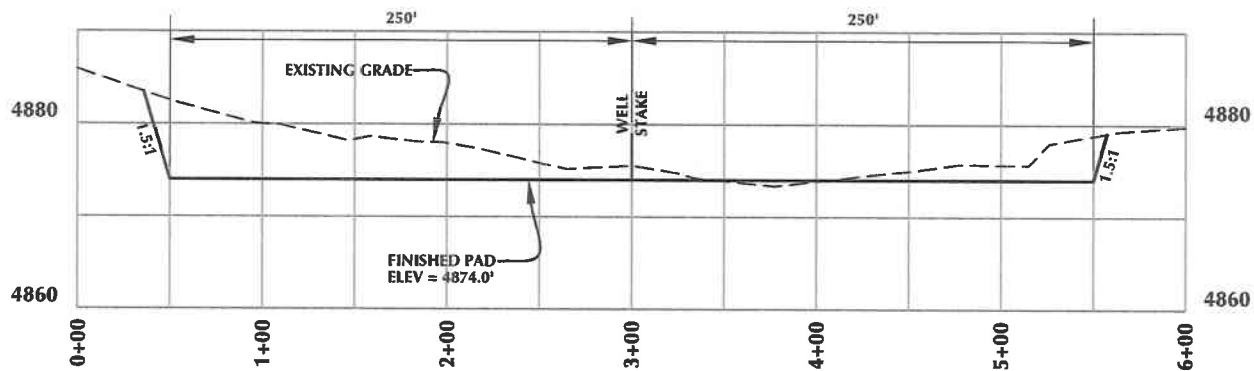
2 OF 9



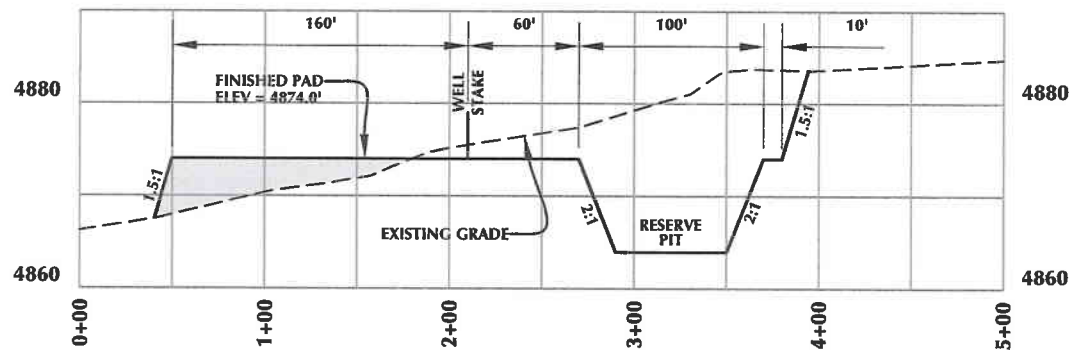
HORIZONTAL 0 50 100 1" = 100'

2' CONTOURS

Timberline (435) 789-1365
Engineering & Land Surveying, Inc.
38 WEST 100 NORTH VERNAL, UTAH 84078



CROSS SECTION A-A'



CROSS SECTION B-B'

**KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS
ONSHORE L.P.**

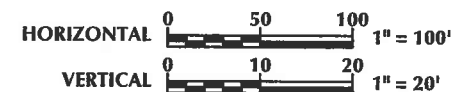
1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202

**STATE 920-320
WELL PAD - CROSS SECTIONS
748' FSL, 1771' FEL
SW1/4SE1/4, SECTION 32, T.9S., R.20E.
S.L.B.&M., UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH**



CONSULTING, LLC
371 Coffeen Avenue
Sheridan WY 82801
Phone 307-674-0609
Fax 307-674-0182

Scale: 1"=100'	Date: 12/18/08	SHEET NO:
REVISED:	BY DATE	3 3 OF 9



Timberline (435) 789-1365
Engineering & Land Surveying, Inc.
38 WEST 100 NORTH VERNAL, UTAH 84078

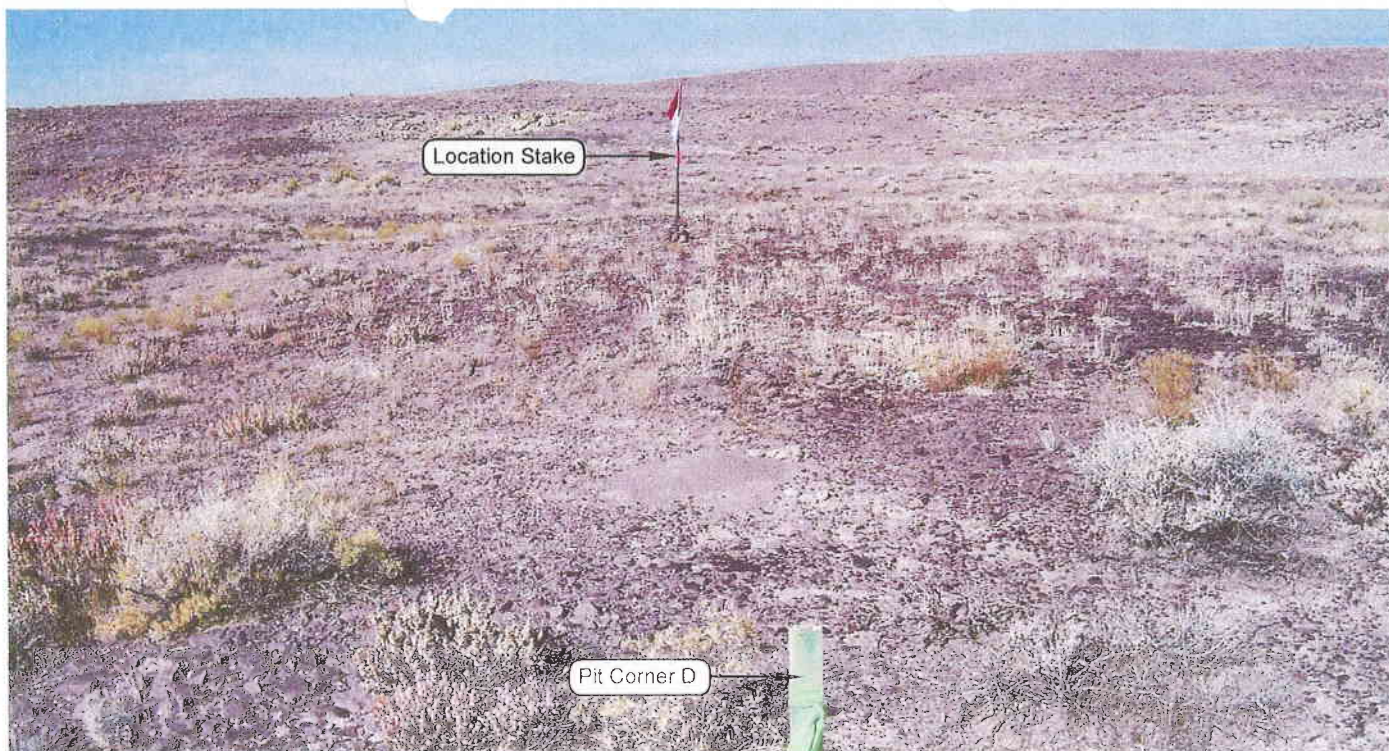


PHOTO VIEW: FROM PIT CORNER D TO LOCATION STAKE

CAMERA ANGLE: NORTHWESTERLY

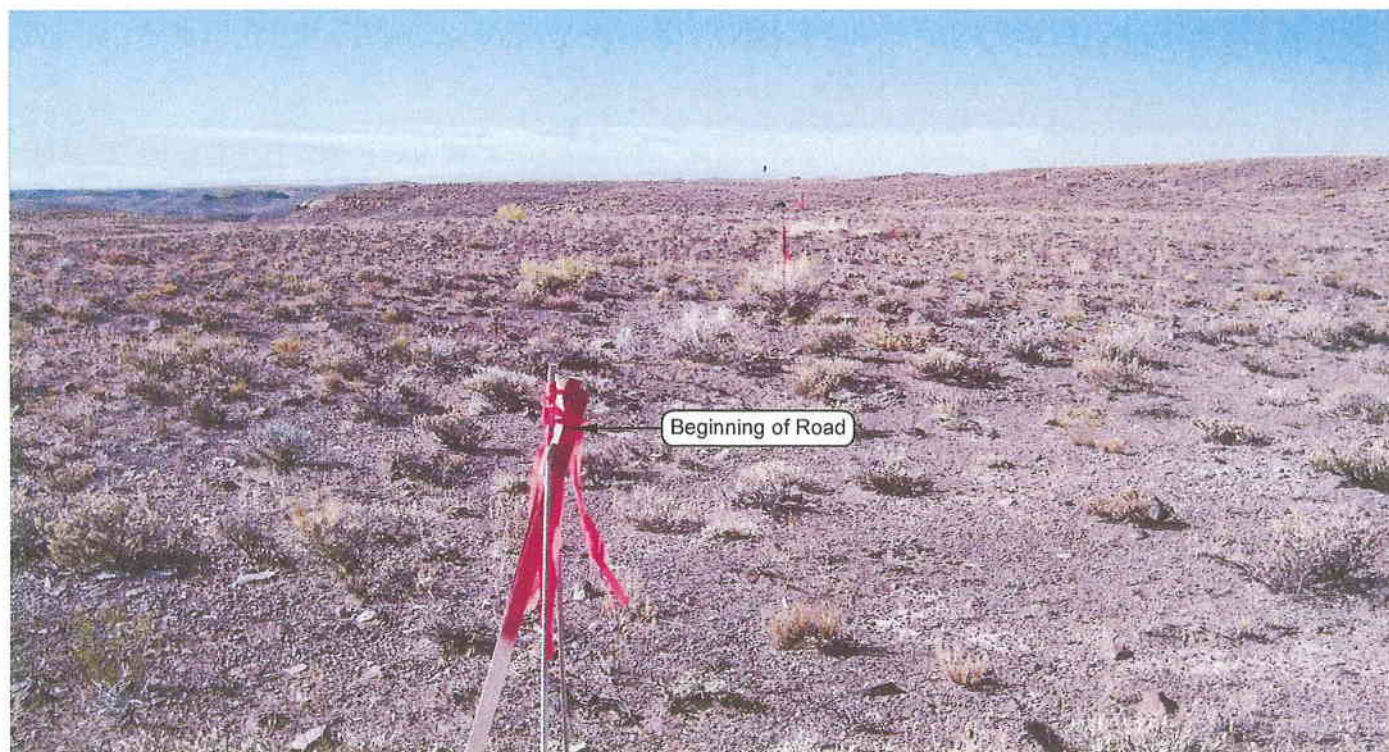


PHOTO VIEW: FROM BEGINNING OF PROPOSED ROAD

CAMERA ANGLE: SOUTHWESTERLY

Kerr-McGee
Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202



CONSULTING, LLC
371 Coffeen Avenue
Sheridan WY 82801
Phone 307-674-0609
Fax 307-674-0182

LOCATION PHOTOS

TAKEN BY: M.S.B.

DRAWN BY: E.M.S.

DATE TAKEN: 10-22-08

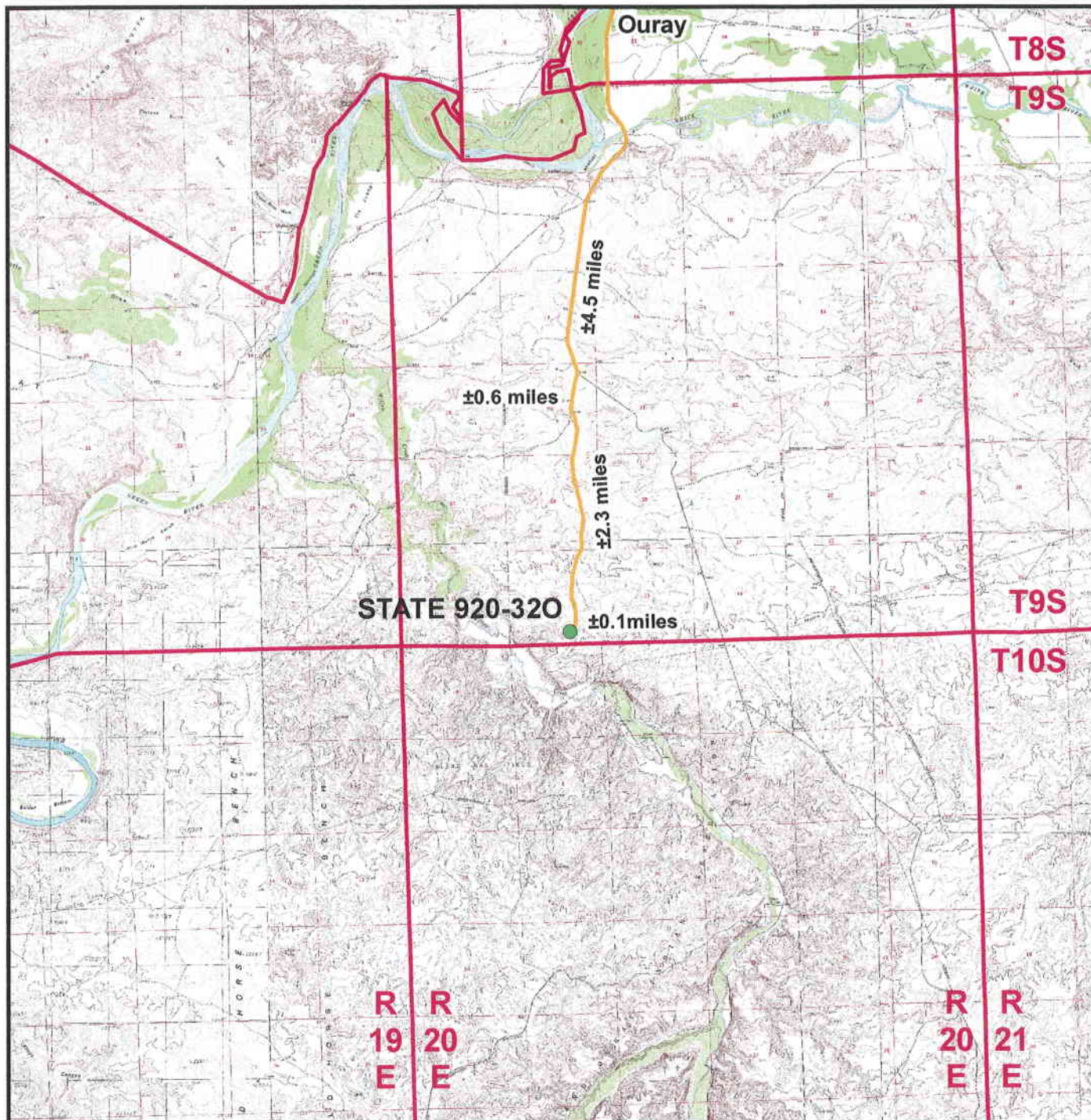
DATE DRAWN: 10-28-08

REVISED:

Timberline (435) 789-1365
Engineering & Land Surveying, Inc.
38 WEST 100 NORTH VERNAL, UTAH 84078

SHEET
4
OF 9

STATE 920-320
748' FSL, 1771' FEL
SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ OF SECTION 32, T9S, R20E,
S.L.B.&M. UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH.



Legend

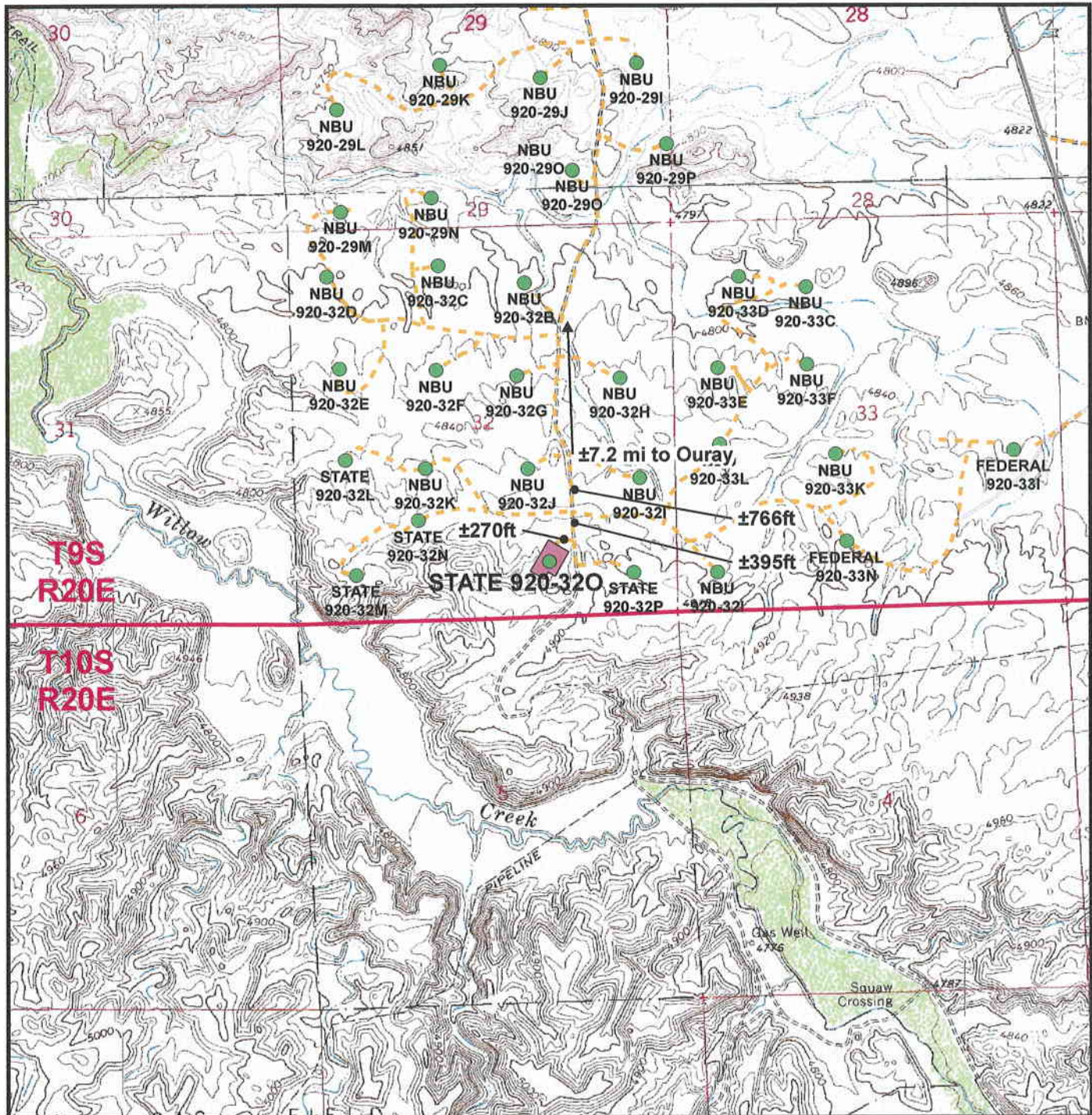
- Proposed STATE 920-320 Well Location
- Access Route - Proposed

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
1099 18th Street, Denver, Colorado 80202

STATE 920-320
Topo A
748' FSL, 1771' FEL
SW¼ SE¼, Section 32, T9S, R20E
S.L.B.&M., Uintah County, Utah



Scale: 1:100,000	NAD83 USP Central	Sheet No:
Drawn: JELo	Date: 18 Dec 2008	5
Revised:	Date:	5 of 9



Legend

- Well - Proposed
- Well Pad
- - - Road - Proposed
- Road - Existing

Total Proposed Road Length: $\pm 1,431$ ft

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
1099 18th Street, Denver, Colorado 80202

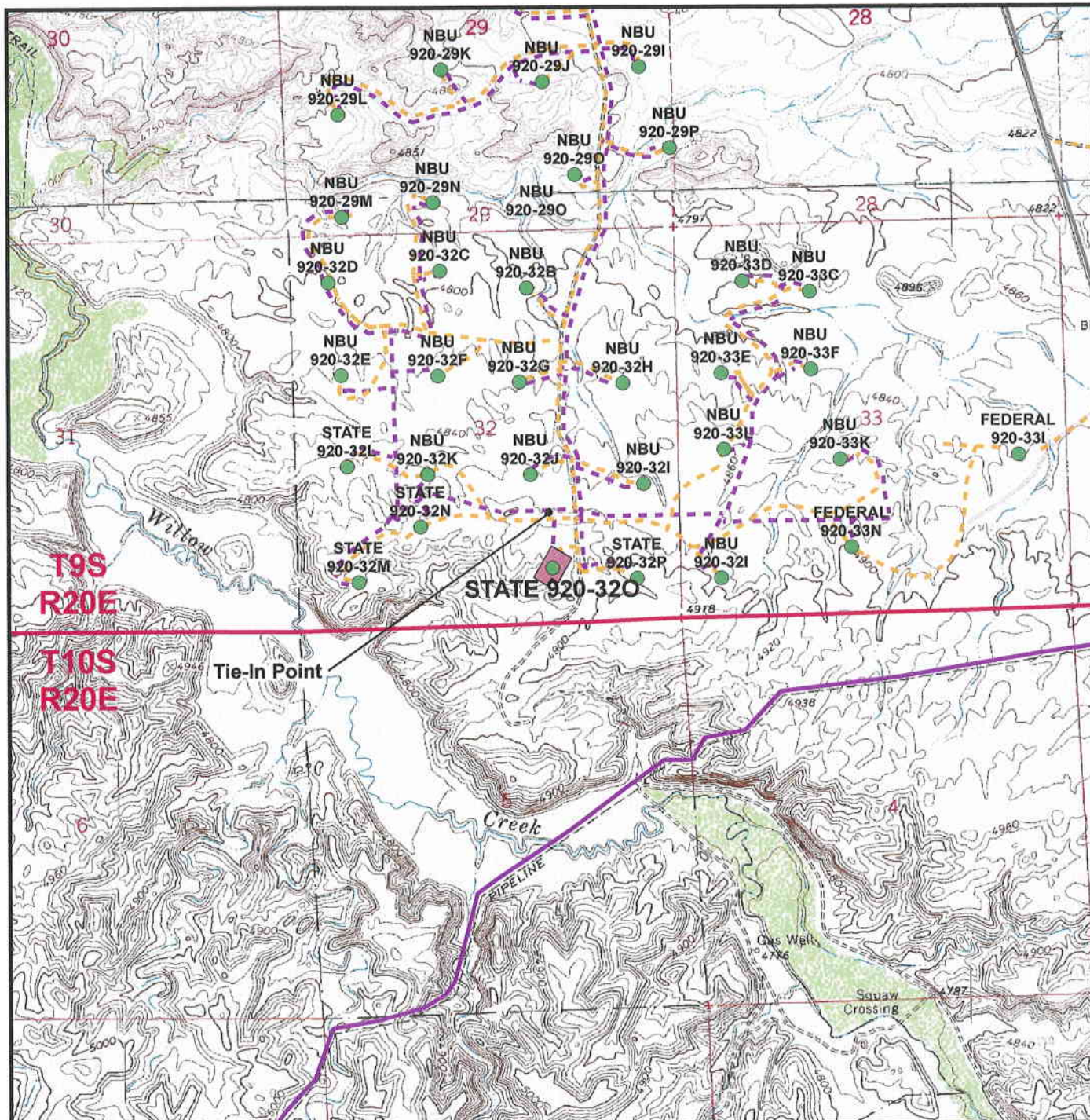
STATE 920-32O
Topo B
748' FSL, 1771' FEL
SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 32, T9S, R20E
S.L.B.&M., Uintah County, Utah


CONSULTING, LLC
371 Coffeen Avenue
Sheridan, WY 82801
Phone (307) 674-0609
Fax (307) 674-0182



Scale: 1" = 2000ft	NAD83 USP Central	Sheet No:
Drawn: JELo	Date: 18 Dec 2008	6
Revised:	Date:	6 of 9

7 of 9



Legend

- Well - Proposed ■ Well Pad - - - Pipeline - Proposed - - - Road - Proposed
- Pipeline - Existing — Road - Existing

Total Proposed Pipeline Length: ±754ft

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
1099 18th Street, Denver, Colorado 80202

STATE 920-320
Topo D
748' FSL, 1771' FEL
SW¼ SE¼, Section 32, T9S, R20E
S.L.B.&M., Uintah County, Utah

CONSULTING, LLC
 371 Coffeen Avenue
 Sheridan, WY 82801
 Phone (307) 674-0609
 Fax (307) 674-0182

Scale: 1" = 2000ft	NAD83 USP Central	Sheet No:
Drawn: JELO	Date: 18 Dec 2008	8
Revised:	Date:	8 of 9

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
STATE 920-320
Section 32, T9S, R20E, S.L.B.&M.

PROCEED IN A WESTERLY DIRECTION FROM VERNAL, UTAH ALONG U.S. HIGHWAY 40 APPROXIMATELY 13.9 MILES TO THE JUNCTION OF STATE HIGHWAY 88. EXIT LEFT AND PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG STATE HIGHWAY 88 APPROXIMATELY 16.8 MILES TO OURAY, UTAH. FROM OURAY, PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG THE SEEP RIDGE ROAD (COUNTY B ROAD 2810) APPROXIMATELY 4.5 MILES TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE WILD HORSE BENCH ROAD (A CLASS D COUNTY ROAD). EXIT RIGHT AND PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG THE WILD HORSE BENCH ROAD APPROXIMATELY 0.6 MILES TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE WILLOW CREEK ROAD (A CLASS D COUNTY ROAD). EXIT LEFT AND PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG THE WILLOW CREEK ROAD APPROXIMATELY 2.3 MILES TO THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD. FOLLOW ROAD FLAGS IN A WESTERLY DIRECTION APPROXIMATELY 270 FEET TO THE PROPOSED LOCATION.

TOTAL DISTANCE FROM VERNAL, UTAH TO THE PROPOSED WELL LOCATION IS APPROXIMATELY 38.2 MILES IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION.

Paleontological Reconnaissance Survey Report

**Survey of Kerr McGee's Proposed Gathering Pipeline, Well Pads,
Access Roads, and Pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N",
"NBU #920-32C, E, F, & K", & "State #920-32L,
M, N, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)**

Big Pack Mtn NW
Topographic Quadrangle
Uintah County, Utah

December 18, 2008

Prepared by Stephen D. Sandau
Paleontologist for
Intermountain Paleo-Consulting
P. O. Box 1125
Vernal, Utah 84078

INTRODUCTION

At the request of Raleen White of Kerr McGee Onshore LP and authorized by Bruce Pargeets of the Ute Indian Tribe and by Larry Love, Director of the Ute Indian Tribe's Energy and Minerals Department, a paleontological reconnaissance survey of Kerr McGee's proposed gathering pipeline, well pads, access roads, and pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N", "NBU #920-32C, E, F, & K", & "State #920-32L, M, N, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E) was conducted by Daniel Burk on December 9, 2008. The survey was conducted under the Ute Indian Tribe Business License FY 2009, #A09-1308 and the accompanying Access Permit (effective 10/15/2008 through 3/31/2009). This survey to locate, identify and evaluate paleontological resources was done to meet requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and other State and Federal laws and regulations that protect paleontological resources.

FEDERAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS

As mandated by the Federal and State government, paleontologically sensitive geologic formations on State lands that are considered for exchange or may be impacted due to ground disturbance require paleontological evaluation. This requirement complies with:

- 1) The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321 et. Seq., P.L. 91-190);
- 2) The Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) of 1976 (90 Stat. 2743, 43 U.S.C. § 1701-1785, et. Seq., P.L. 94-579) and
- 3) The National Historic Preservation Act. 16 U.S.C. § 470-1, P.L. 102-575 in conjunction with 42 U.S.C. § 5320

The new Potential Fossil Yield Classification (PFYC) System (October, 2007) replaces the Condition Classification System from Handbook H-8270-1. Geologic units are classified based on the relative abundance of vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant invertebrate or plant fossils and their sensitivity to adverse impacts, with a higher class number indicating a higher potential.

- **Class 1 – Very Low.** Geologic units (igneous, metamorphic, or Precambrian) not likely to contain recognizable fossil remains.
- **Class 2 – Low.** Sedimentary geologic units not likely to contain vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant non-vertebrate fossils. (Including modern eolian, fluvial and colluvial deposits etc...)
- **Class 3 – Moderate or Unknown.** Fossiliferous sedimentary geologic units where fossil content varies in significance, abundance, and predictable occurrence; or sedimentary units of unknown fossil potential.
 - **Class 3a – Moderate Potential.** The potential for a project to be sited on or impact a significant fossil locality is low, but is somewhat higher for common fossils.
 - **Class 3b – Unknown Potential.** Units exhibit geologic features and preservational conditions that suggest significant fossils could be present, but

little information about the paleontological resources of the unit or the area is known.

- **Class 4 – High.** Geologic units containing a high occurrence of vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant invertebrate or plant fossils, but may vary in abundance and predictability.
 - **Class 4a** – Outcrop areas with high potential are extensive (greater than two acres) and paleontological resources may be susceptible to adverse impacts from surface disturbing actions.
 - **Class 4b** – Areas underlain by geologic units with high potential but have lowered risks of disturbance due to moderating circumstances such as a protective layer of soil or alluvial material; or outcrop areas are smaller than two contiguous acres.
- **Class 5 – Very High.** Highly fossiliferous geologic units that consistently and predictably produce vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant invertebrate or plant fossils.
 - **Class 5a** - Outcrop areas with very high potential are extensive (greater than two acres) and paleontological resources may be susceptible to adverse impacts from surface disturbing actions.
 - **Class 5b** - Areas underlain by geologic units with very high potential but have lowered risks of disturbance due to moderating circumstances such as a protective layer of soil or alluvial material; or outcrop areas are smaller than two contiguous acres.

It should be noted that many fossils, though common and unimpressive in and of themselves, can be important paleo-environmental, depositional, and chronostratigraphic indicators.

LOCATION

Kerr McGee's proposed gathering pipeline, well pads, access roads, and pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N", "NBU #920-32C, E, F, & K", & "State #920-32L, M, N, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E) are located on Ute Indian Reservation land less than a mile east of Willow Creek, approximately 5-6 miles south of the Green River, and some 7-8 miles south of Ouray, Utah. The project area can be found on the Big Pack Mtn NW 7.5 minute U. S. Geological Survey Quadrangle Map, Uintah County, Utah.

PREVIOUS WORK

The basins of western North America have long produced some of the richest fossil collections in the world. Early Cenozoic sediments are especially well represented throughout the western interior. Paleontologists started field work in Utah's Uinta Basin as early as 1870 (Betts, 1871; Marsh, 1871, 1875a, 1875b). The Uinta Basin is located in the northeastern corner of Utah and covers approximately 31,000 sq. km (12,000 sq. miles) ranging in elevation from 1,465 to 2,130 m (4,800 to 7,000 ft) (Marsell, 1964; Hamblin et al., 1987). Middle to late Eocene time marked a period of dramatic change in the climate, flora, (Stucky, 1992) and fauna (Black and Dawson, 1966) of North America.

GEOLOGICAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL OVERVIEW

Early in the geologic history of Utah, some 1,000 to 600 Ma, an east-west trending basin developed creating accommodation for 25,000 feet of siliclastics. Uplift of that filled-basin during the early Cenozoic formed the Uinta Mountains (Rasmussen et al., 1999). With the rise of the Uinta Mountains the asymmetrical synclinal Uinta Basin is thought to have formed through the effects of down warping in connection with the uplift. Throughout the Paleozoic and Mesozoic deposition fluctuated between marine and non-marine environments laying down a thick succession of sediments in the area now occupied by the Uinta Basin. Portions of these beds crop out on the margins of the basin due to tectonic events during the late Mesozoic.

Early Tertiary Uinta Basin sediments were deposited in alternating lacustrine and fluvial environments. Large shallow lakes periodically covered most of the basin and surrounding areas during early to mid Eocene time (Abbott, 1957). These lacustrine sediments show up in the western part of the basin, dipping 2-3 degrees to the northeast and are lost in the subsurface on the east side. The increase of cross-bedded, coarse-grained sandstone and conglomerates preserved in paleo-channels indicates a transition to a fluvial environment toward the end of the epoch.

Four Eocene formations are recognized in the Uinta Basin: the Wasatch, Green River, Uinta and Duchesne River, respectively (Wood, 1941). The Uinta Formation is subdivided into two lithostratigraphic units namely: the Wagonhound Member (Wood, 1934), formerly known as Uinta A and B (Osborn, 1895, 1929) and the Myton Member previously regarded as the Uinta C.

Within the Uinta Basin in northeast Utah, the Uinta Formation in the western part of the basin is composed primarily of lacustrine sediments inter-fingering with over-bank deposits of silt, and mudstone and westward flowing channel sands and fluvial clays, muds, and sands in the east (Bryant et al, 1990; Ryder et al, 1976). Stratigraphic work done by early geologists and paleontologists within the Uinta Formation focused on the definition of rock units and attempted to define a distinction between early and late Uintan faunas (Riggs, 1912; Peterson and Kay, 1931; Kay 1934). More recent work focused on magnetostratigraphy, radioscopic chronology, and continental biostratigraphy (Flynn, 1986; Prothero, 1996). Well-known for its fossiliferous nature and distinctive mammalian fauna of mid-Eocene Age, the Uinta Formation is the type formation for the Uintan Land Mammal Age (Wood et al, 1941).

The Duchesne River Formation of the Uinta Basin in northeastern Utah is composed of a succession of fluvial and flood plain deposits composed of mud, silt, and sandstone. The source area for these late Eocene deposits is from the Uinta Mountains indicated by paleocurrent data (Anderson and Picard, 1972). In Peterson's (1931c) paper, the name "Duchesne Formation" was applied to the formation and it was later changed to the "Duchesne River Formation" by Kay (1934). The formation is divided up into four members: the Brennan Basin, Dry Gulch Creek, LaPoint, and Starr Flat (Anderson and Picard, 1972). Debates concerning the Duchesne River Formation, as to whether its age was late Eocene or early Oligocene, have surfaced throughout the literature of the last century (Wood et al., 1941; Scott 1945). Recent paleo-magnetostratigraphic work (Prothero, 1996) shows that the Duchesne River Formation is late Eocene in time.

FIELD METHODS

In order to determine if the proposed project area contained any paleontological resources, a reconnaissance survey was performed. An on-site observation of the proposed areas undergoing surficial disturbance is necessary because judgments made from topographic maps alone are often unreliable. Areas of low relief have potential to be erosional surfaces with the possibility of bearing fossil materials rather than surfaces covered by unconsolidated sediment or soils.

When found within the proposed construction areas, outcrops and erosional surfaces were checked to determine if fossils were present and to assess needs. Careful effort is made during surveys to identify and evaluate significant fossil materials or fossil horizons when they are found. Microvertebrates, although rare, are occasionally found in anthills or upon erosional surfaces and are of particular importance.

PROJECT AREA

The project area is situated in the Wagonhound Member (Uinta A & B) of the Uinta Formation. The following list provides a description of the individual wells and their associated pipelines and access roads.

NBU #920-29M

The proposed access road and pipeline begin in the NW/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E at the north edge of the proposed well pad "NBU #920-32D" and travel approximately 800 feet north and east where they enter the well pad in the SW/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 29 (Figure 1). The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

NBU #920-29N

The proposed access road and pipeline begin in the NE/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E near the well pad "NBU #920-32C" and travel north for approximately 1000 feet where they enter the well pad in the SE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 29 (Figure 1). The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

NBU #920-32C

The proposed pipeline begins at the end of the gathering pipeline in the center of the NW quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels east for approximately 500 feet where it turns north and parallels the access road (Figure 1). The pipeline and access road travel north for approximately 700 feet where they enter the well pad in the NE/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds. No fossils were found.

NBU #920-32E

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the SW/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins along the access road for "NBU #920-32D" and travels south and west to where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels west for approximately 600 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Scattered isolated turtle shell and bone fragments were found on the pad and along the access road.

NBU #920-32F

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the SE/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins along the access road for "NBU #920-32D" and travels southwest for approximately 500 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels east approximately 500 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline, access road, and well pad are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from fine to medium-grained maroon sandstone beds (2-3 m thick) which outcrop in the area. Trace fossil burrows were observed near the pipeline tie-in, just west of the pad.

NBU #920-32K

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the NE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins off the proposed access road for "State #920- 32N" and travels northwest approximately 800 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels northwest for approximately 300 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

State #920-32L

The proposed access road begins at the northwest corner of the well pad "NBU #920-32K" in the NE/SW quarter-quarter of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 S and travels northwest approximately 600 feet where it enters the well pad in the NW/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed pipeline begins along the access road where it intersects the gathering pipeline and parallels the access road to the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

State #920-32M

The proposed access road begins at the western edge of the well pad "NBU #920-32N" in the NE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels southwest approximately 1000 feet where it enters the well pad in the SW/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline in the center of the SW quarter section Sec. 32 and travels southwest where it parallels the access road until it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds. No fossils were found.

State #920-32N

The proposed access road begins at an existing two-track in the SW/SE quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels west approximately 2000 feet where it enters the well pad in the SE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline in the SE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 and travels southeast for approximately 100 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement.

The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

State #920-320

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the SW/SE quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins off an existing road and travels west approximately 100 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels south approximately 300 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

Gathering Pipeline

The proposed gathering pipeline begins in the center of the NW quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels south for approximately 0.5 miles, turns east and travels for approximately 0.5 miles, and turns north and travels for approximately 600 feet where it ends in the NW/SE quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed gathering pipeline is located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop in the area. No fossils were found.

SURVEY RESULTS

PROJECT	GEOLOGY	PALEONTOLOGY
"NBU #920-29M" (Sec. 29, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a
"NBU #920-29N" (Sec. 29, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a

<p>"NBU #920-32C" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds.</p>	<p>No fossils were found. Class 3a</p>
<p>"NBU #920-32E" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.</p>	<p>Scattered isolated turtle shell and bone fragments were found on the pad and along the access road. Class 3a</p>
<p>"NBU #920-32F" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels east approximately 500 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline, access road, and well pad are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from fine to medium-grained maroon sandstone beds (2-3 m thick) which outcrop in the area.</p>	<p>Trace fossil burrows were observed near the pipeline tie-in, just west of the pad. Class 3a</p>
<p>"NBU #920-32K" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.</p>	<p>No fossils were found. Class 3a</p>
<p>"State #920-32L" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed well pad, access road and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.</p>	<p>No fossils were found. Class 3a</p>

<p>"State #920-32M" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds.</p>	<p>No fossils were found. Class 3a</p>
<p>"State #920-32N" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.</p>	<p>No fossils were found. Class 3a</p>
<p>"State #920-32O" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.</p>	<p>No fossils were found. Class 3a</p>
<p>"Gathering Pipeline" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)</p>	<p>The proposed gathering pipeline is located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop in the area.</p>	<p>No fossils were found. Class 3a</p>

RECOMMENDATIONS

A reconnaissance survey was conducted for Kerr McGee's proposed gathering pipeline, well pads, access roads, and pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N", "NBU #920-32C, F, E, & K", & "State #920-32L, N, M, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E). The well pads and the associated access roads and pipelines covered in this report showed little to no signs of vertebrate fossils. Therefore, we recommend that no paleontological restrictions should be placed on the development of the projects included in this report.

Buried pipeline will encounter Uinta formational sediments along most of the staked pipeline corridors yet indications from surface fossils predict that little if any vertebrate fossils will be disturbed.

Nevertheless, if any vertebrate fossil(s) are found during construction within the project area, recommendations are that a paleontologist is immediately notified in order to collect fossil materials in danger of being destroyed. Any vertebrate fossils found should be carefully moved outside of the construction areas to be check by a permitted paleontologist.

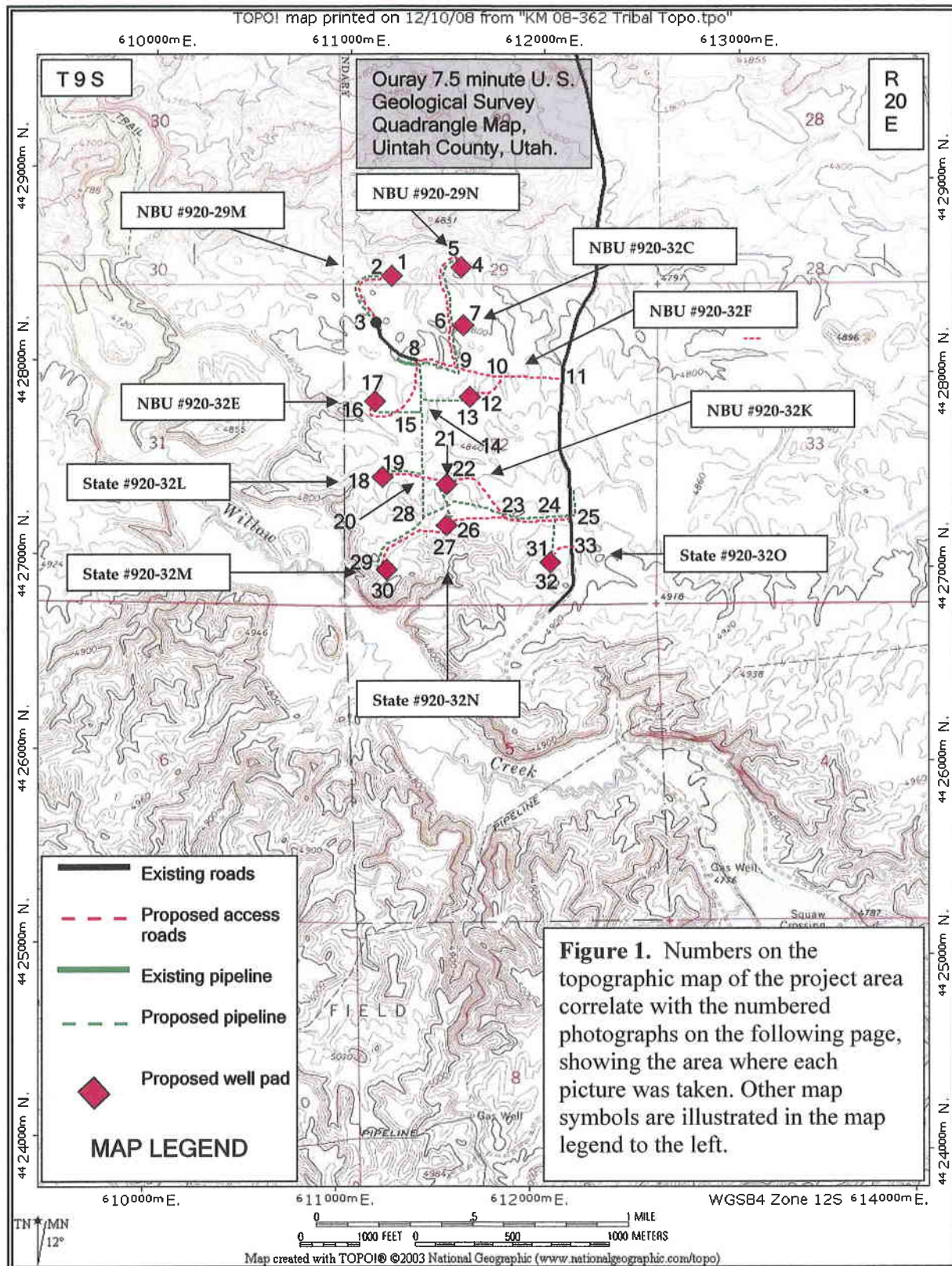


Figure 1. *continued...*

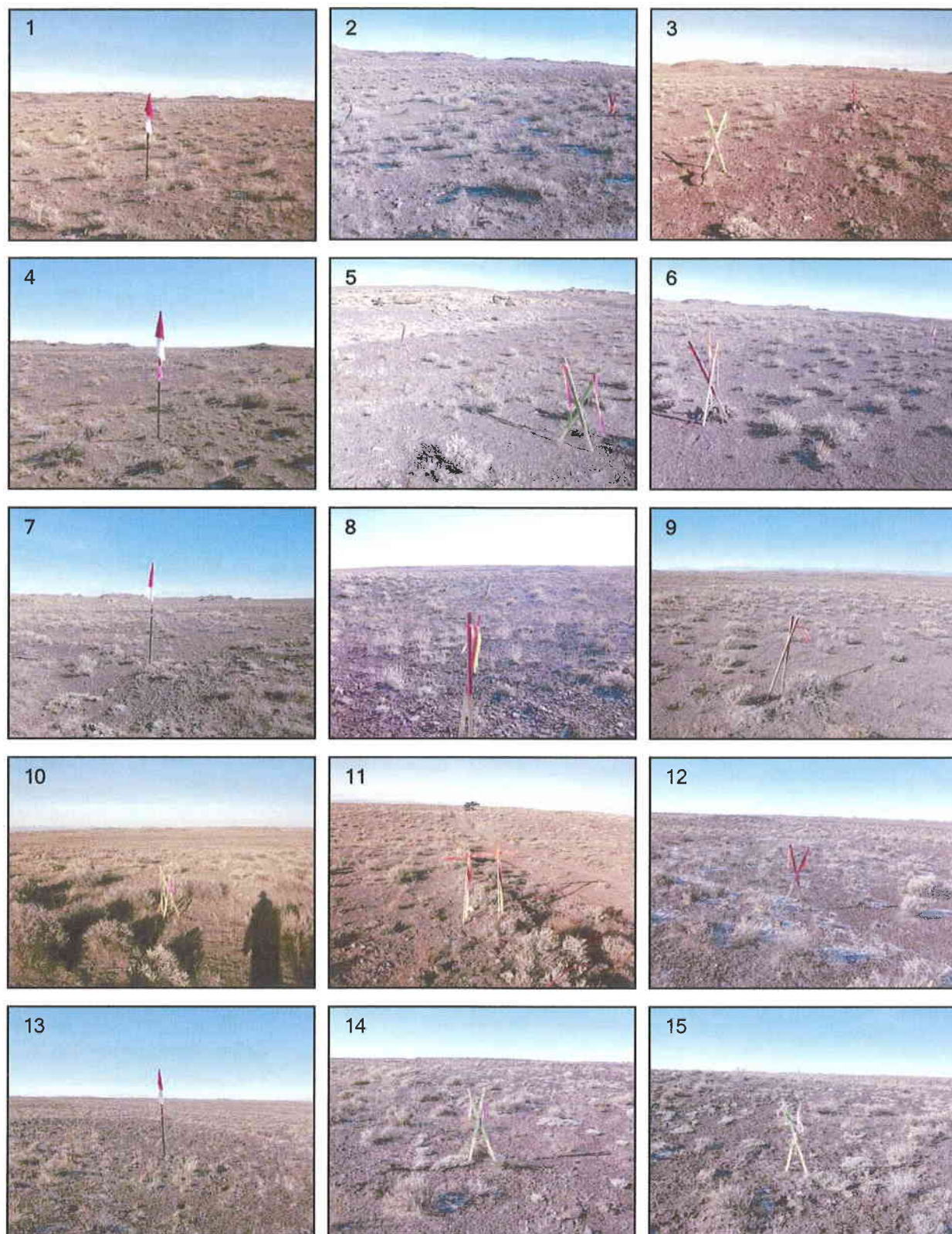


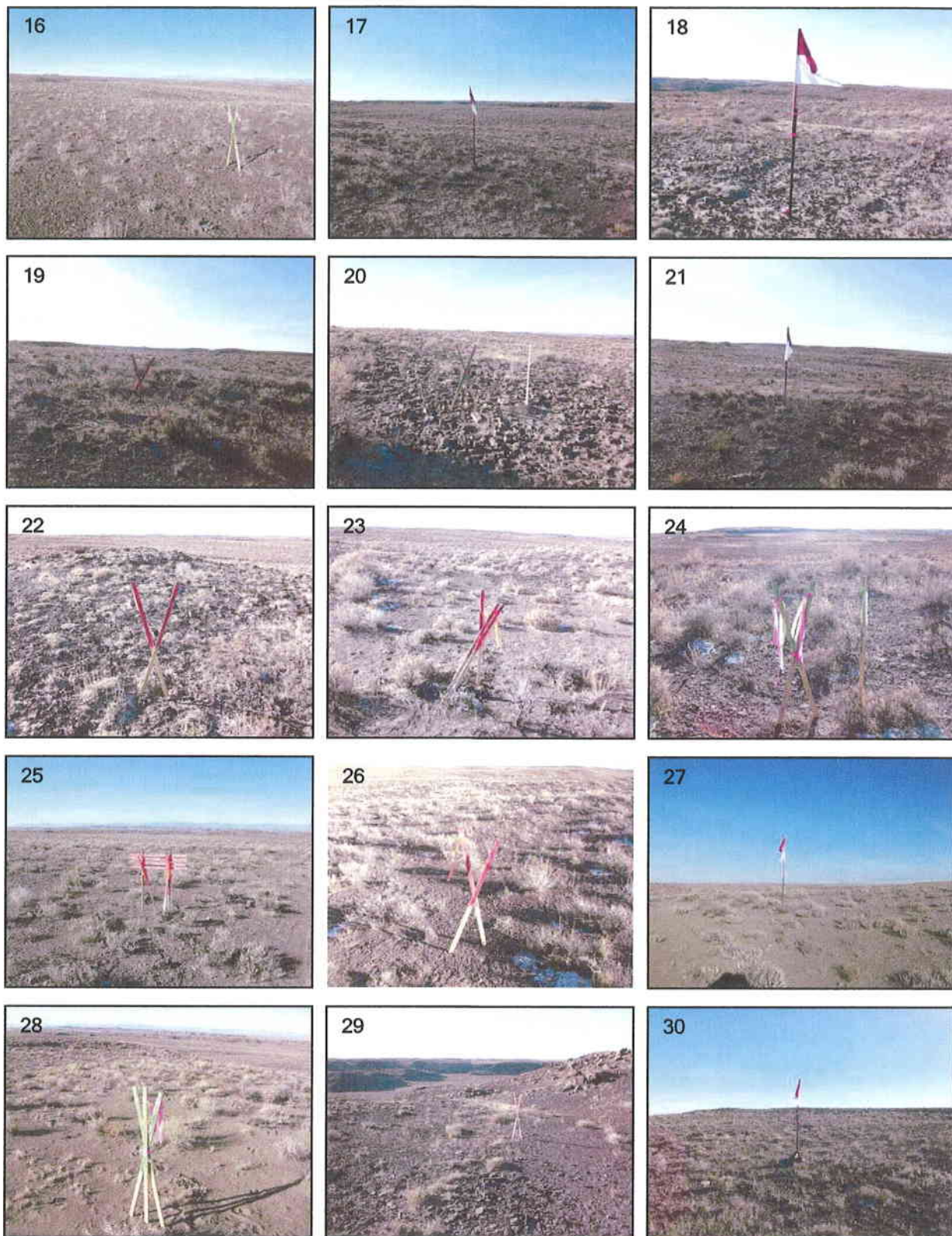
Figure 1. continued...

Figure 1. *continued...*



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WORKSHEET
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL

APD RECEIVED: 02/17/2009

API NO. ASSIGNED: 43-047-40564

WELL NAME: STATE 920-320

OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS (N2995)

PHONE NUMBER: 720-929-6666

CONTACT: RALEEN WHITE

PROPOSED LOCATION:

SWSE 32 090S 200E

SURFACE: 0748 FSL 1771 FEL

BOTTOM: 0748 FSL 1771 FEL

COUNTY: UINTAH

LATITUDE: 39.98579 LONGITUDE: -109.68675

UTM SURF EASTINGS: 612127 NORTHINGS: 4426796

FIELD NAME: NATURAL BUTTES (630)

INSPECT LOCATN BY: / /		
Tech Review	Initials	Date
Engineering	Ned	4/23/09
Geology		
Surface		

LEASE TYPE: 3 - State

LEASE NUMBER: ML-21509

SURFACE OWNER: 2 - Indian

PROPOSED FORMATION: WSMVD

COALBED METHANE WELL? NO

RECEIVED AND/OR REVIEWED:

☒ Plat
☒ Bond: Fed[] Ind[] Sta[] Fee[]
(No. 22013542)
☒ Potash (Y/N)
☒ Oil Shale 190-5 (B) or 190-3 or 190-13
☒ Water Permit
(No. 43-8496)
☒ RDCC Review (Y/N)
(Date:)
☒ Fee Surf Agreement (Y/N)
☒ Intent to Commingle (Y/N)

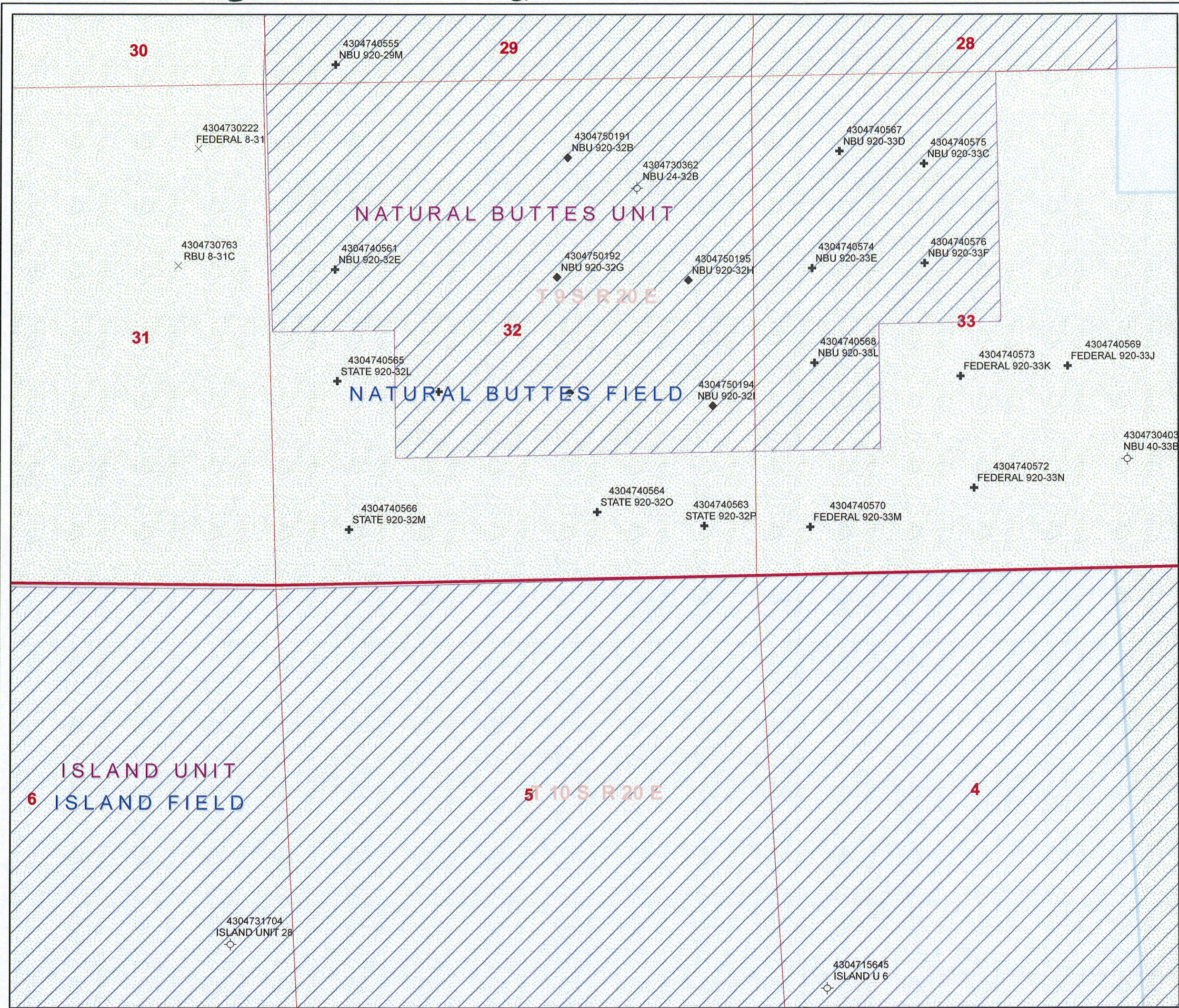
LOCATION AND SITING:

___ R649-2-3.
Unit: ___
___ R649-3-2. General
Siting: 460 From Qtr/Qtr & 920' Between Wells
☒ R649-3-3. Exception
___ Drilling Unit
Board Cause No: ___
Eff Date: ___
Siting: ___
___ R649-3-11. Directional Drill

COMMENTS: _____

STIPULATIONS: _____

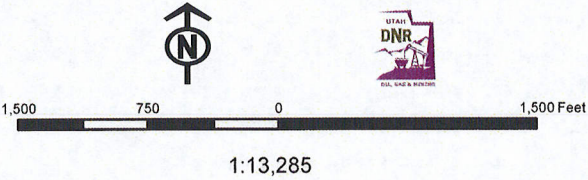
- 1- Fednd Approval
- 2- Spacing STIP
- 3- Surface Csg Cont STIP
- 4- Oil Shale
- 5- STATEMENT OF BASIS



API Number: 4304740564
Well Name: STATE 920-32O
Township 09.0 S Range 20.0 E Section 32
Meridian: SLBM
Operator: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Map Prepared:
Map Produced by Diana Mason

Units	Wells Query Events
STATUS	✕ <all other values>
ACTIVE	GIS_STAT_TYPE
EXPLORATORY	<Null>
GAS STORAGE	APD
NF PP OIL	DRL
NF SECONDARY	GI
PI OIL	GS
PP GAS	LA
PP GEOTHERML	NEW
PP OIL	OPS
SECONDARY	PA
TERMINATED	PGW
Fields	POW
STATUS	RET
ACTIVE	SGW
COMBINED	SOW
Sections	TA
Township	TW
	WD
	WI
	WS



Application for Permit to Drill

Statement of Basis

4/27/2009

Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

Page 1

APD No	API WellNo	Status	Well Type	Surf Ownr	CBM			
1449	43-047-40564-00-00		GW	I	No			
Operator	KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.		Surface Owner-APD					
Well Name	STATE 920-32O	Unit						
Field	NATURAL BUTTES	Type of Work						
Location	SWSE 32 9S 20E S 748 FSL 1771 FEL	GPS Coord (UTM) 612127E 4426796N						

Geologic Statement of Basis

Kerr McGee proposes to set 2,800' of surface casing at this location. The depth to the base of the moderately saline water at this location is estimated to be at a depth of 1,400'. A search of Division of Water Rights records shows no water wells within a 10,000 foot radius of the center of Section 32. The surface formation at this site is the Uinta Formation. The Uinta Formation is made up of interbedded shales and sandstones. The sandstones are mostly lenticular and discontinuous and should not be a significant source of useable ground water. The proposed casing and cement should adequately protect. Any usable ground water.

Brad Hill
APD Evaluator

4/27/2009
Date / Time

Surface Statement of Basis

The surface rights for the proposed well are owned by the Ute Tribe. The operator is responsible for obtaining any required surface permits or rights-of-way.

Brad Hill
Onsite Evaluator

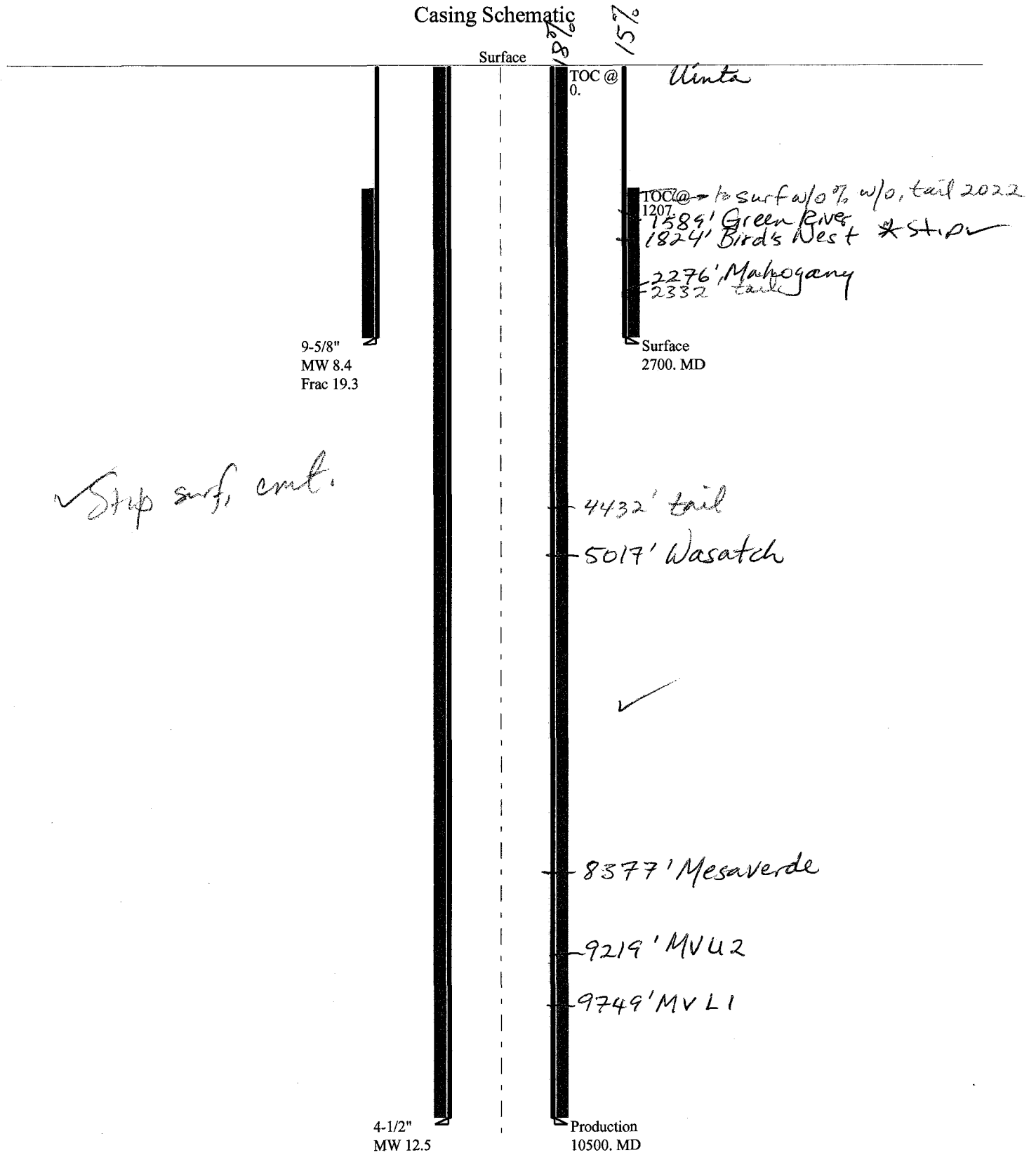
4/27/2009
Date / Time

Conditions of Approval / Application for Permit to Drill

Category	Condition
	None

43047405640000 State 920-320

Casing Schematic



Well name:

43047405640000 State 920-320

Operator: Kerr McGee Oil & Gas Onshore L.P.

String type: Surface

Project ID:

43-047-40564-0000

Location: Uintah County, Utah

Design parameters:**Collapse**

Mud weight: 8.400 ppg

Design is based on evacuated pipe.

Minimum design factors:**Collapse:**

Design factor 1.125

Burst:

Design factor 1.00

Environment:

H2S considered? No

Surface temperature: 75 °F

Bottom hole temperature: 113 °F

Temperature gradient: 1.40 °F/100ft

Minimum section length: 1,300 ft

Cement top: 1,207 ft

Burst

Max anticipated surface

pressure: 2,106 psi

Internal gradient: 0.220 psi/ft

Calculated BHP 2,700 psi

No backup mud specified.

Tension:

8 Round STC: 1.80 (J)

8 Round LTC: 1.80 (J)

Buttress: 1.60 (J)

Premium: 1.50 (J)

Body yield: 1.50 (B)

Tension is based on buoyed weight.

Neutral point: 2,364 ft

Non-directional string.**Re subsequent strings:**

Next setting depth: 10,500 ft

Next mud weight: 12.500 ppg

Next setting BHP: 6,818 psi

Fracture mud wt: 19.250 ppg

Fracture depth: 2,700 ft

Injection pressure: 2,700 psi

Run Seq	Segment Length (ft)	Size (in)	Nominal Weight (lbs/ft)	Grade	End Finish	True Vert Depth (ft)	Measured Depth (ft)	Drift Diameter (in)	Internal Capacity (ft³)
1	2700	9.625	36.00	J-55	LT&C	2700	2700	8.796	1172
Run Seq	Collapse Load (psi)	Collapse Strength (psi)	Collapse Design Factor	Burst Load (psi)	Burst Strength (psi)	Burst Design Factor	Tension Load (Kips)	Tension Strength (Kips)	Tension Design Factor
1	1178	2020	1.715	2700	3520	1.30	85	453	5.32 J

Prepared Helen Sadik-Macdonald
by: Div of Oil, Gas & MiningPhone: (801) 538-5357
FAX: (801) 359-3940Date: April 16, 2009
Salt Lake City, Utah**Remarks:**

Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 2700 ft, a mud weight of 8.4 ppg. The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Engineering responsibility for use of this design will be that of the purchaser.

Well name: **43047405640000 State 920-320**

Operator: **Kerr McGee Oil & Gas Onshore L.P.**

String type: **Production**

Project ID:

43-047-40564-0000

Location: **Uintah County, Utah**

Design parameters:

Collapse

Mud weight: 12.500 ppg
Internal fluid density: 2.330 ppg

Minimum design factors:

Collapse:

Design factor 1.125

Environment:

H2S considered? No
Surface temperature: 75 °F
Bottom hole temperature: 222 °F
Temperature gradient: 1.40 °F/100ft
Minimum section length: 1,500 ft

Burst:

Design factor 1.00

Cement top: Surface

Burst

Max anticipated surface pressure: 4,508 psi
Internal gradient: 0.220 psi/ft
Calculated BHP 6,818 psi

No backup mud specified.

Tension:

8 Round STC: 1.80 (J)
8 Round LTC: 1.80 (J)
Buttress: 1.60 (J)
Premium: 1.50 (J)
Body yield: 1.50 (B)

Non-directional string.

Tension is based on buoyed weight.

Neutral point: 8,538 ft

Run Seq	Segment Length (ft)	Size (in)	Nominal Weight (lbs/ft)	Grade	End Finish	True Vert Depth (ft)	Measured Depth (ft)	Drift Diameter (in)	Internal Capacity (ft³)
1	10500	4.5	11.60	P-110	LT&C	10500	10500	3.875	916.3
Run Seq	Collapse Load (psi)	Collapse Strength (psi)	Collapse Design Factor	Burst Load (psi)	Burst Strength (psi)	Burst Design Factor	Tension Load (Kips)	Tension Strength (Kips)	Tension Design Factor
1	5547	7580	1.366	6818	10690	1.57	99	279	2.82 J

Prepared by: Helen Sadik-Macdonald
Div of Oil, Gas & Mining

Phone: (801) 538-5357
FAX: (801) 359-3940

Date: March 26, 2009
Salt Lake City, Utah

Remarks:

Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 10500 ft, a mud weight of 12.5 ppg. An internal gradient of .121 psi/ft was used for collapse from TD. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Engineering responsibility for use of this design will be that of the purchaser.

BOPE REVIEW

Kerr-McGee NBU 920-320 API 43-047-40564-0000

INPUT

Well Name

Casing Size (")

Setting Depth (TVD)

Previous Shoe Setting Depth (TVD)

Max Mud Weight (ppg)

BOPE Proposed (psi)

Casing Internal Yield (psi)

Operators Max Anticipated Pressure (psi)

Kerr-McGee	NBU 920-320	API 43-047-40564-0000
String 1	String 2	
9 5/8	4 1/2	
2700	10500	
40	2700	
8.4	12.5	✓
500	5000	
3520	10690	
6705	12.3 ppg	✓

Calculations

String 1 9 5/8 "

Max BHP [psi]	.052*Setting Depth*MW =	1179	BOPE Adequate For Drilling And Setting Casing at Depth?
MASP (Gas) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.12*Setting Depth) =	855	NO Air Drill to surface shoe with diverter
MASP (Gas/Mud) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.22*Setting Depth) =	585	NO
Pressure At Previous Shoe	Max BHP-.22*(Setting Depth - Previous Shoe Depth) =	594	NO <i>Reasonable Depth in req</i>
Required Casing/BOPE Test Pressure		2464 psi	
*Max Pressure Allowed @ Previous Casing Shoe =		40 psi	*Assumes 1psi/ft frac gradient

Calculations

String 2 4 1/2 "

Max BHP [psi]	.052*Setting Depth*MW =	6825	BOPE Adequate For Drilling And Setting Casing at Depth?
MASP (Gas) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.12*Setting Depth) =	5565	NO
MASP (Gas/Mud) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.22*Setting Depth) =	4515	YES ✓
Pressure At Previous Shoe	Max BHP-.22*(Setting Depth - Previous Shoe Depth) =	5109	NO <i>Reasonable</i>
Required Casing/BOPE Test Pressure		5000 psi	
*Max Pressure Allowed @ Previous Casing Shoe =		2700 psi	*Assumes 1psi/ft frac gradient



Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP

1099 18th Street, Suite 1800
Denver, CO 80202-1918
P.O. Box 173779
Denver, CO 80217-3779
720-929-6000

March 11, 2009

43-047-4 0564

Ms. Diana Mason
Division of Oil, Gas and Mining
P.O. Box 145801
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-6100

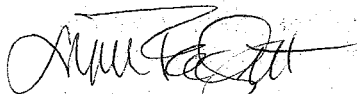
Re: State 920-320
T9S-R20E
Section 32: SWSE
748' FSL, 1771' FEL
Uintah County, Utah

Dear Ms. Mason:

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP has submitted a permit to drill the captioned well to test the Wasatch and Mesaverde formations. The well is located at an exception location to State Rule 649-3-2 (Statewide). The well location was moved for topographic reasons. Kerr-McGee owns 100% of the leasehold within 460 feet of the exception location of the offset lands and has no objection to the exception location.

Kerr-McGee requests your approval of this exception location. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me at 720-929-6551. Thank you for your attention to the above request.

Sincerely,
KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP


Lynn Padgett
Staff Landman

RECEIVED

MAR 17 2009

DIV. OF OIL, GAS & MINING



JON M. HUNTSMAN, JR.
Governor

GARY R. HERBERT
Lieutenant Governor

State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MICHAEL R. STYLER
Executive Director

Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

JOHN R. BAZA
Division Director

April 27, 2009

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
P O Box 173779
Denver, CO 80202-3779

Re: State 920-320 Well, 748' FSL, 1771' FEL, SW SE, Sec. 32, T. 9 South, R. 20 East,
Uintah County, Utah

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to the provisions and requirements of Utah Code Ann. § 40-6-1 *et seq.*, Utah Administrative Code R649-3-1 *et seq.*, and the attached Conditions of Approval, approval to drill the referenced well is granted.

Appropriate information has been submitted to DOGM and administrative approval of the requested exception location is hereby granted.

This approval shall expire one year from the above date unless substantial and continuous operation is underway, or a request for extension is made prior to the expiration date. The API identification number assigned to this well is 43-047-40564.

Sincerely,

Gil Hunt
Associate Director

pab
Enclosures

cc: Uintah County Assessor
SITLA
Bureau of Land Management, Vernal Office



Operator: Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
Well Name & Number State 920-320
API Number: 43-047-40564
Lease: ML-21509

Location: SW SE Sec. 32 T. 9 South R. 20 East

Conditions of Approval

1. General

Compliance with the requirements of Utah Admin. R. 649-1 *et seq.*, the Oil and Gas Conservation General Rules, and the applicable terms and provisions of the approved Application for permit to drill.

2. Notification Requirements

The operator is required to notify the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining of the following action during drilling of this well:

- 24 hours prior to cementing or testing casing – contact Dan Jarvis
- 24 hours prior to testing blowout prevention equipment – contact Dan Jarvis
- 24 hours prior to spudding the well – contact Carol Daniels
- Within 24 hours of any emergency changes made to the approved drilling program – contact Dustin Doucet
- Prior to commencing operations to plug and abandon the well – contact Dan Jarvis

The operator is required to get approval from the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining before performing any of the following actions during the drilling of this well:

- Plugging and abandonment or significant plug back of this well – contact Dustin Doucet
- Any changes to the approved drilling plan – contact Dustin Doucet

The following are Division of Oil, Gas and Mining contacts and their telephone numbers (please leave a voice mail message if the person is not available to take the call):

- Dan Jarvis at: (801) 538-5338 office (801) 942-0871 home
- Carol Daniels at: (801) 538-5284 office
- Dustin Doucet at: (801) 538-5281 office (801) 733-0983 home

3. Reporting Requirements

All required reports, forms and submittals will be promptly filed with the Division, including but not limited to the Entity Action Form (Form 6), Report of Water Encountered During Drilling (Form 7), Weekly Progress Reports for drilling and completion operations, and Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells requesting approval of change of plans or other operational actions.

4. Compliance with the State of Utah Antiquities Act forbids disturbance of archeological, historical, or paleontological remains. Should archeological, historical or paleontological remains be encountered during your operations, you are required to immediately suspend all operations and immediately inform the Trust Lands Administration and the Division of State History of the discovery of such remains.
5. In accordance with Order in Cause No. 190-5(b) dated October 28, 1982, the Operator shall comply with requirements of Rules R649-3-31 and R649-3-27 pertaining to Designated Oil Shale Areas. Additionally, the operator shall ensure that the surface and/or production casing is properly cemented over the entire oil shale interval as defined by Rule R649-3-31. The Operator shall report the actual depth the oil shale is encountered to the Division.
6. This proposed well is located in an area for which drilling units (well spacing patterns) have not been established through an order of the Board of Oil, Gas and Mining (the "Board"). In order to avoid the possibility of waste or injury to correlative rights, the operator is requested, once the well has been drilled, completed, and has produced, to analyze geological and engineering data generated therefrom, as well as any similar data from surrounding areas if available. As soon as is practicable after completion of its analysis, and if the analysis suggests an area larger than the quarter-quarter section upon which the well is located is being drained, the operator is requested to seek an appropriate order from the Board establishing drilling and spacing units in conformance with such analysis by filing a Request for Agency Action with the Board.
7. Compliance with the Conditions of Approval/Application for Permit to Drill outlined in the Statement of Basis. (Copy Attached)
8. Surface casing shall be cemented to the surface.
9. State approval of this well does not supersede the required federal approval, which must be obtained prior to drilling.

STATE OF UTAH DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND MINING		FORM 9			
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS Do not use this form for proposals to drill new wells, significantly deepen existing wells below current bottom-hole depth, reenter plugged wells, or to drill horizontal laterals. Use APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL form for such proposals.		5. LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NUMBER: ML-21509			
1. TYPE OF WELL Gas Well		6. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME: UTE			
2. NAME OF OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.		7. UNIT or CA AGREEMENT NAME:			
3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: P.O. Box 173779 1099 18th Street, Suite 600, Denver, CO, 80217 3779		8. WELL NAME and NUMBER: STATE 920-320			
4. LOCATION OF WELL FOOTAGES AT SURFACE: 0748 FSL 1771 FEL QTR/QTR, SECTION, TOWNSHIP, RANGE, MERIDIAN: Qtr/Qtr: SWSE Section: 32 Township: 09.0S Range: 20.0E Meridian: S		9. API NUMBER: 43047405640000			
PHONE NUMBER: 720 929-6007 Ext		9. FIELD and POOL or WILDCAT: NATURAL BUTTES			
COUNTY: UINTAH		STATE: UTAH			
11. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXES TO INDICATE NATURE OF NOTICE, REPORT, OR OTHER DATA					
TYPE OF SUBMISSION	TYPE OF ACTION				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NOTICE OF INTENT Approximate date work will start: 4/27/2010 <input type="checkbox"/> SUBSEQUENT REPORT Date of Work Completion: <input type="checkbox"/> SPUD REPORT Date of Spud: <input type="checkbox"/> DRILLING REPORT Report Date:	<table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> ACIDIZE <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE WELL STATUS <input type="checkbox"/> DEEPEN <input type="checkbox"/> OPERATOR CHANGE <input type="checkbox"/> PRODUCTION START OR RESUME <input type="checkbox"/> REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION <input type="checkbox"/> TUBING REPAIR <input type="checkbox"/> WATER SHUTOFF <input type="checkbox"/> WILDCAT WELL DETERMINATION </td> <td style="width: 33%; vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> ALTER CASING <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE TUBING <input type="checkbox"/> COMMINGLE PRODUCING FORMATIONS <input type="checkbox"/> FRACTURE TREAT <input type="checkbox"/> PLUG AND ABANDON <input type="checkbox"/> RECLAMATION OF WELL SITE <input type="checkbox"/> SIDETRACK TO REPAIR WELL <input type="checkbox"/> VENT OR FLARE <input type="checkbox"/> SI TA STATUS EXTENSION <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER </td> <td style="width: 33%; vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> CASING REPAIR <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE WELL NAME <input type="checkbox"/> CONVERT WELL TYPE <input type="checkbox"/> NEW CONSTRUCTION <input type="checkbox"/> PLUG BACK <input type="checkbox"/> RECOMPLETE DIFFERENT FORMATION <input type="checkbox"/> TEMPORARY ABANDON <input type="checkbox"/> WATER DISPOSAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APD EXTENSION OTHER: _____ </td> </tr> </table>		<input type="checkbox"/> ACIDIZE <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE WELL STATUS <input type="checkbox"/> DEEPEN <input type="checkbox"/> OPERATOR CHANGE <input type="checkbox"/> PRODUCTION START OR RESUME <input type="checkbox"/> REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION <input type="checkbox"/> TUBING REPAIR <input type="checkbox"/> WATER SHUTOFF <input type="checkbox"/> WILDCAT WELL DETERMINATION	<input type="checkbox"/> ALTER CASING <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE TUBING <input type="checkbox"/> COMMINGLE PRODUCING FORMATIONS <input type="checkbox"/> FRACTURE TREAT <input type="checkbox"/> PLUG AND ABANDON <input type="checkbox"/> RECLAMATION OF WELL SITE <input type="checkbox"/> SIDETRACK TO REPAIR WELL <input type="checkbox"/> VENT OR FLARE <input type="checkbox"/> SI TA STATUS EXTENSION <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER	<input type="checkbox"/> CASING REPAIR <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE WELL NAME <input type="checkbox"/> CONVERT WELL TYPE <input type="checkbox"/> NEW CONSTRUCTION <input type="checkbox"/> PLUG BACK <input type="checkbox"/> RECOMPLETE DIFFERENT FORMATION <input type="checkbox"/> TEMPORARY ABANDON <input type="checkbox"/> WATER DISPOSAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APD EXTENSION OTHER: _____
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12. DESCRIBE PROPOSED OR COMPLETED OPERATIONS. Clearly show all pertinent details including dates, depths, volumes, etc. Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, L.P. (Kerr-McGee) respectfully requests an extension to this APD for the maximum time allowed. Please contact the undersigned with any questions and/or comments. Thank you.					
<div style="text-align: right;"> Approved by the Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining </div>		Date: May 03, 2010 By:			
NAME (PLEASE PRINT) Danielle Piernot		PHONE NUMBER 720 929-6156			
SIGNATURE N/A		TITLE Regulatory Analyst			
DATE 4/27/2010					



The Utah Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining

- State of Utah
- Department of Natural Resources

Electronic Permitting System - Sundry Notices

Request for Permit Extension Validation Well Number 43047405640000

API: 43047405640000

Well Name: STATE 920-320

Location: 0748 FSL 1771 FEL QTR SWSE SEC 32 TWNP 090S RNG 200E MER S

Company Permit Issued to: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Date Original Permit Issued: 4/27/2009

The undersigned as owner with legal rights to drill on the property as permitted above, hereby verifies that the information as submitted in the previously approved application to drill, remains valid and does not require revision. Following is a checklist of some items related to the application, which should be verified.

- If located on private land, has the ownership changed, if so, has the surface agreement been updated? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Have any wells been drilled in the vicinity of the proposed well which would affect the spacing or siting requirements for this location? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Has there been any unit or other agreements put in place that could affect the permitting or operation of this proposed well? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Have there been any changes to the access route including ownership, or rightof- way, which could affect the proposed location? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Has the approved source of water for drilling changed? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Have there been any physical changes to the surface location or access route which will require a change in plans from what was discussed at the onsite evaluation? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Is bonding still in place, which covers this proposed well? ☒ Yes ☐ No

**Approved by the
Utah Division of
Oil, Gas and Mining**

Signature: Danielle Piernot

Date: 4/27/2010

Title: Regulatory Analyst **Representing:** KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Date: May 03, 2010

By: 

RECEIVED April 27, 2010

STATE OF UTAH DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND MINING		FORM 9
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS Do not use this form for proposals to drill new wells, significantly deepen existing wells below current bottom-hole depth, reenter plugged wells, or to drill horizontal laterals. Use APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL form for such proposals.		5. LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NUMBER: ML-21509
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COUNTY: UINTAH		STATE: UTAH

11. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXES TO INDICATE NATURE OF NOTICE, REPORT, OR OTHER DATA

TYPE OF SUBMISSION	TYPE OF ACTION		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NOTICE OF INTENT Approximate date work will start: 4/27/2011	<input type="checkbox"/> ACIDIZE <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE WELL STATUS <input type="checkbox"/> DEEPEN <input type="checkbox"/> OPERATOR CHANGE <input type="checkbox"/> PRODUCTION START OR RESUME <input type="checkbox"/> REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION <input type="checkbox"/> TUBING REPAIR <input type="checkbox"/> WATER SHUTOFF <input type="checkbox"/> WILDCAT WELL DETERMINATION	<input type="checkbox"/> ALTER CASING <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE TUBING <input type="checkbox"/> COMMINGLE PRODUCING FORMATIONS <input type="checkbox"/> FRACTURE TREAT <input type="checkbox"/> PLUG AND ABANDON <input type="checkbox"/> RECLAMATION OF WELL SITE <input type="checkbox"/> SIDETRACK TO REPAIR WELL <input type="checkbox"/> VENT OR FLARE <input type="checkbox"/> SI TA STATUS EXTENSION <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER	<input type="checkbox"/> CASING REPAIR <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE WELL NAME <input type="checkbox"/> CONVERT WELL TYPE <input type="checkbox"/> NEW CONSTRUCTION <input type="checkbox"/> PLUG BACK <input type="checkbox"/> RECOMPLETE DIFFERENT FORMATION <input type="checkbox"/> TEMPORARY ABANDON <input type="checkbox"/> WATER DISPOSAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APD EXTENSION OTHER:
<input type="checkbox"/> SUBSEQUENT REPORT Date of Work Completion:			
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<input type="checkbox"/> DRILLING REPORT Report Date:			

12. DESCRIBE PROPOSED OR COMPLETED OPERATIONS. Clearly show all pertinent details including dates, depths, volumes, etc.

 Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, L.P. (Kerr-McGee) respectfully requests an extension to this APD for the maximum time allowed. Please contact the undersigned with any questions and/or comments. Thank you.

Approved by the
Utah Division of
Oil, Gas and Mining

Date: 04/14/2011

By:

NAME (PLEASE PRINT) Andy Lytle	PHONE NUMBER 720 929-6100	TITLE Regulatory Analyst
SIGNATURE N/A	DATE 4/7/2011	



The Utah Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining

- State of Utah
- Department of Natural Resources

Electronic Permitting System - Sundry Notices

Request for Permit Extension Validation Well Number 43047405640000

API: 43047405640000

Well Name: STATE 920-320

Location: 0748 FSL 1771 FEL QTR SWSE SEC 32 TWNP 090S RNG 200E MER S

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Signature: Andy Lytle

Date: 4/7/2011

Title: Regulatory Analyst **Representing:** KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

RECEIVED Apr. 07, 2011



GARY R. HERBERT

Governor

GREG BELL

Lieutenant Governor

State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MICHAEL R. STYLER

Executive Director

Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

JOHN R. BAZA

Division Director

June 14, 2012

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, L.P.
P.O. Box 173779
Denver, CO 80217

Re: APD Rescinded – State 920-320, Sec. 32, T.9S, R. 20E
Uintah County, Utah API No. 43-047-40564

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for the subject well was approved by the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining (Division) on April 27, 2009. On May 3, 2010 and April 14, 2011 the Division granted a one-year APD extension. No drilling activity at this location has been reported to the division. Therefore, approval to drill the well is hereby rescinded, effective June 14, 2012.

If any previously unreported operations have been performed on this well location, it is imperative that you notify the Division immediately.

Sincerely,

Diana Mason

Environmental Scientist

cc: Well File
Bureau of Land Management, Vernal
SITLA, Ed Bonner

